

STILLWATER MESSENGER

A. B. EASTON, Editor.

STILLWATER:

Tuesday, - - November 1, 1864

UNION PRESIDENTIAL TICKET.

1864.

FOR PRESIDENT:
ABRAHAM LINCOLN.
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ANDREW JOHNSON.
OF TENNESSEE.

For Presidential Electors,
CHARLES H. LINDSEY,
JOHN G. BETZ,
J. N. MURDOCK,
J. W. NORFORD.

For Representative in Congress,
IGNATIUS DONNELLY.
Chief Justice,
THOMAS WILSON.

Associate Justice,
S. J. R. McILLAN,
JOHN M. BERRY.

For Judge of District Court,
CHARLES McCURE.
LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

For Senator,
JOHN McKEUSICK.
For Representatives,
L. J. STARR,
ANSELL SMITH,
L. A. HUNTOON.

For Judge of Probate,
H. G. MURDOCK.
For County Auditor,
RUDOLPH LEHMICKE.

For County Commissioners,
3d Dist.—ARIAL ELDREDGE,
4th Dist.—L. A. HUNTOON,
5th Dist.—BERKMAN WINANT.

"WE ARE ESSENTIALLY ARISTOCRATIC."
—John C. Calhoun.

"WE SECURED TO US OURSELVES
THE RULE OF THE MAJORITY." —Jefferson Davis.

"LET US SEPARATE ONCE TO REDEEM
EVERY FEATURE OF RACIAL DEMOCRACY,
EVERY FEATURE TENDING TO MAKE OVER A
POPULAR GOVERNMENT." —Southern Literary
Messenger, Richmond, January, 1863.

"JUSTICE, HUMANITY, LIBERTY AND THE
PUBLIC WILL DEMAND THAT IMMEDIATE RE-
FORMS BE MADE FOR A CREATION OF HUMAN-
ITIES." —Chicago Platform.

"THE PLATFORM IS QUITE AS GOOD AS
COLD DEAD BEEN EXPECTED." —Mobile
Register.

Union Meeting

Gen. W. D. Washburne
and A. Edgerton, Esq., will
address the citizens of Still-
water on Thursday evening,
Nov. 3d.

It is expected that Hon.
CHARLES SCHEFFER and Gen.
OSCAR MALMROS will be pre-
sent, and address the people,
if their other engagements
will permit.

Hon. J. W. TAYLOR will
address our citizens on
Saturday evening, Nov. 5th.
We hope to see a goodly
number of our Democratic
friends present, to listen to
their former standard bear-
er.

The Maryland Constitution.
MARYLAND IS FREE!
The vote on the New State Constitu-
tion was 30,174 in favor, and 29,709
against. Gov. Bradford has proclaimed
the new Free State Constitution of Mary-
land.

**The Union Ticket Elected in
West Virginia.**
The news from West Virginia indi-
cates the election of the whole Union
ticket.

Gov. A. J. BOREMAN is re-elected by
a heavy vote. The Legislature will be
largely Union.

**A Day of Thanksgiving Appoint-
ed.**
President Lincoln has issued a pro-
clamation, setting apart the last Thurs-
day in November for a day of Thank-
sgiving and Praise to Almighty God,
throughout the United States, for the
many signal victories over the enemy
and commencing his fellow-citizens to
humble themselves in the dust, and from
thence offer penitential and fervent prayers
and supplications to the Great Disposer
of Events for the inestimable blessings
of peace, Union and harmony through-
out the land.

The Democracy of To-Day.

There is, in the North, today a secret
order of traitors, called the "Order of
American Knights," numbering half a
million of men, with Clement L. Val-
landigham at its head.

Every man of the 500,000 "Knights"
who are sworn to help Jeff. Davis to
destroy the Union and secure the inde-
pendence of the Confederates, calls him-
self a "Democrat." From the "Su-
preme Commander" Vallandigham
down to the lowest "Knight," they are
all loud-mouthed "Democrats."

We submit that it is high time for
the patriotic and honest men remaining
in that party to come out of it, and
separate themselves from an organiza-
tion which has become a tender to Jeff.
Davis and an ally of Treason against
Free Government. The Democratic
party headed by Gen. Jackson was no
more like the "Democratic" party at
the head of which is Vallandigham, than
the saints in Paradise are like the evil
spirits of the infernal regions.

Vallandigham the successor of Gen.
Jackson, as the head of the Democratic
party! What a little affection for the old
party, come out of that foul and rotten
organization and join the Union hosts,
where you will find such "Democratic"
as Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Butler,
Logan, Dix, Hancock, Burnside, Hooker
and where you will also find Jackson
and Douglas if they were in the land of
the living. Come over to the side of
young country, and keep steps to the music
of the Union!

THE NEWS.

The great invasion of Missouri by the
rebels under Price, has its glorious end.
The bloody cut-throats and bush-
whackers at last accounts, were in full
retreat.

The combined Union forces under Curtis
R. Rogers, A. J. Smith, Pleasanton
and Johnson, met the rebels near the
Missouri river, and after a sharp two
days' fight, defeated them and drove them
in a headlong flight.

Gen. Pleasanton marched his army
forty-five miles in two days, and fought
the last thirty-two miles. Price lost all
artillery but two guns, and all his ammu-
nition, having been obliged to blow up
his train, and also 400 wagons, to
save them from capture. We captured
2,600 prisoners, and several thousand
stand of arms. Gen. Fagan is reported
killed.

Among the prisoners are Maj. Gen.
Marmaduke, Brig. Gen. Cabell, and
several Colonels and other officers.

A most astounding case of fraud has
just been brought to light in the State of
New York, which was a scheme of the
Copperheads to carry the State by sub-
stituting McClellan for Lincoln votes in
the original envelopes submitted by the
soldiers, and in forming names thereto.
A box over three feet long containing
many thousands of these fraudulent votes
has been seized, and others are said to
have been sent to New York. The de-
velopment in this case, promises to be of
the most startling character.

We are also in receipt of news of
startling import from Gen. Grant.

His entire army is in motion, with
six day rations, and ammunition for any
emergency. The movement is on the
extreme left. "The left wing of the army
has been advanced about fifteen miles,
and a point of great importance gained
for future operations. Whether it is
more than a grand reconnaissance to-
ward the Southern rail road, a few
days will determine.

Indiana Elections.

Official returns have been received
from all but twelve counties in Indiana.
The totals are as follows:

Union majority..... 21,911
The twelve counties to be heard from
may reduce this majority three to five
hundred, but not more than that. We
have then, by official figures, the re-
election of Morton by 21,000 majority,
and election of eight of the eleven Con-
gressmen, being a gain of four.

The Union majority compares as fol-
lows:

1860..... 9,455
1864..... 21,000
In 1862 the Democratic majority was
7,179. These figures do not include the
counties which are lacking to complete
the returns for this year. The Union
victory is complete and decisive.

The Excelsior's Vote.

From the Excelsior Herald, Oct. 11.

At a vote taken on last Sunday in the
12th regiment Illinois infantry, the
"Excelsior regiment" of the old 3d
division, 17th army corps, and a regi-
ment which represents one of the finest
organizations of Illinois troops, the fol-
lowing was the result:

Whole number votes cast..... 516
For Abraham Lincoln..... 302
For Gen. B. McClellan..... 114

The Democrats going on the principle
that the less there is of their candidates
the better, have abbreviated their list
to Mack and Pen. Will Mack prove
nigher with the Pen, than with the
sword?

Has Nothing Been Done?

The Hon. Henry C. Deming, of Con-
necticut, in his speech at the mass meet-
ing in New York, confuted with the
following eloquent words:—

"Nothing been done? Why, in three
years and a half we have done more
than Julius Caesar with his ten years in
Gaul; more than Hannibal with his sev-
enteen years in Italy; more than the
conqueror of British India, with his fif-
teen years in that country. I challenge
you to find in all history a single mar-
tial enterprise more conspicuous for the
obstacles to be overcome, more numer-
ous with examples of endurance and her-
oism, more magnificent in its results, and
more fatal to the enemy, than that of
opening the Mississippi. [Applause.]
Was nothing done at Selatopol? Then
nothing was done at Vicksburg. Was
nothing done at Antwerp? Then nothing
was done at Port Hudson. We have
more substantial triumphs at the
expense of fewer comparative reverses,
than in the memorable seven years which
filled the world with the fame of Fre-
derick the Great, or in the three-and-a-
half years of the campaign of Napoleon
the First, in Italy, from the time he de-
scended the Alps like an avalanche on the
plains of Lombardy.

Nothing been done? Say, O Sherman,
sweeping with his bosom the mountain
fastness of Northern Georgia, gathering
in his toils all the arteries of rebel com-
munication, and holding in his palm the
arsenals of the Confederacy, has nothing
been done? Say, O Grant, clearing that
blind war-path in the bloody Wilderness
at the bayonet's point, advancing the
line from point to point, from the
Rapids to the James, and tightening the
death coil around Richmond [Applause],
is the approach "nothing has been done,"
a fitting one to send back to the
still bleeding but victorious legions
of Sheridan? [Applause.] Read that
reproach if you dare, sons of New
York—over the ashes of Core-ran and
Wadsworth. Read it, sons of New Jer-
sey, over the graves of the brightest her-
oes in the army—Philip Kearney. [Ap-
plause.] Read it, sons of Connecticut,
over the tombs of Lyon and Sedgewick.
[Applause.] Nothing been done? Pass-
ing through the appalling fire of Forts
Jackson and Philip, our naval armament
on the Mississippi won a victory that
pales not before Trafalgar. Under the
concentrated fire of two forts and one
battery they won another in Mobile Bay
which pales not before the Nile. Alas!
alms! nothing has been done? Hear it,
O Farragut, in the main-top of the Har-
ford. [Tremendous and long-continued
cheers, the audience rising and waving
their hats.]

TORCH-LIGHT PROCESSION IN WASHINGTON.

Minnesota Represented — A
Speech by the President.

The Washington Chronicle gives an
account of an immense torch-light pro-
cession which took place in that city on
the evening of the 21st. A large number
of States were represented, and we see
by the following, that the Minnesota
Club was there:

Minnesota (representing) (represent-
ing) a pioneer ploughing, with gun and
ammunition by his side, and an Indian
fleeing in the distance) with the inscrip-
tion:

"L'Etouffe du Nord."
"Treason cannot survive our winters."
"Our climate kills Copperheads."
"North Star State Union Club."

As the procession came down Pennsylv-
ania avenue, from Eighteenth street, it
passed through the grounds in the front of
the Presidential Mansion, where a large
crowd had gathered, and kept up a con-
tinual blaze of light with rockets, blue-
lights, Roman-candles, etc., lighting up
the upper windows under the portico, at
which stood the President and "Little
Dad," continually cheering him and
looking earnestly and with evident satis-
faction to catch a glimpse of "Old Abe"
as they passed along.

After the procession had left the
grounds, the crowd called loudly for the
President, and he responded as follows:

FELLOW-CITIZENS: I was promised
not to be called upon for a speech to-
night, nor do I propose to make one.
But, as we have been hearing some very
good news for a day or two, I propose
that you give three hearty cheers for
Sheridan.

While we are at it, we may as well
consider how fortunate it was for the
Seventh that Sheridan was a very little
man. If he had been a large man, there
is no knowledge what he would have
done with them.

I propose three cheers for General
Grant, who knew to what use our noble
commanders and the soldiers and sailors;
three cheers for all people everywhere
who cheer the soldiers and sailors of the
Union—and now, good night.

To each suggestion of the President
most enthusiastic cheers were given, and
at the conclusion, as at the commence-
ment of the fair happy remarks he made,
he was greeted with such cheering as
clearly manifested the intense gratifica-
tion his appearance and brief speech had
caused.

MISSOURI DOCUMENTS.—General Mc-
Clellan's resignation of his Major Gen-
eralship, and Pendleton's letter accept-
ing the nomination of Vice President.—

STATE ITEMS.

SAD ACCIDENT.—As the large wagon
which carried over the ladies from this
city was driven on the ferry boat at
Present, a drunken man pushed him-
self on to the boat against the run-
ning of the ferryman, and became
boisterous and unruly. After the wagon
was driven off the boat the man still
continued to run at the side of the wagon
with his hands on it when at last he fell
under the wheel and was crushed. At last
accounts he was alive, but can hardly
recover. We understand the name of
the unfortunate man was Schofield, and
that he lived in Washington County.—
Hastings Independent, Oct. 27.

SIXTY-SEVEN.—As the boys in blue
belonging to the Regiment of Heavy
Artillery, formed in this State, passed
down on the boat on Saturday evening
last, while the boat was at the levee,
some one proposed three cheers for Old
Abe, which were given with a will, after
which three cheers were proposed for
Little Mac. Strange to say the boys in
blue responded in three dismal groans.—
Ibid.

The St. Peter Statesman gives the fol-
lowing "big thing" in honey to paragon:
graph: Mr. Scott residing near Ottumwa,
a few miles below this place, has recently
shipped 1,600 pounds of honey to
Chicago, receiving there 47 cents per
pound—making \$762; and in addition
to that has just sold Moses Lathrop &
Paul in this place, 300 pounds, at 25
cents per pound gross. This honey is
the product of 33 swarms of bees, made
this season. If any can show a larger
produce from so small a capital and so
little labor, we would like to see it.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—A shocking
casualty occurred on the regular train
from Winona to this city on Thursday
afternoon. When a few miles this side
of St. Charles, Charles Everett, the
news boy of the red-headed young man of
seventeen years, from Winona, while
getting down from the top of the car
some car upon the platform with some
water, slipped, and after a short inef-
fectual struggle to regain his foothold, fell
down between the cars upon the track,
the wheels of the remaining three cars
passing over his neck and shoulders,
killing him instantly.—Olester Post.

PRAIRIE FIRE.—The prairie fires, so
usual in autumn, have lately swept over
a great portion of this and Brown coun-
ties, and have done considerable damage
to hay and fences. Two families had
their hay, grain and houses burned, and
in one of the houses about \$600 in green-
backs were burned. The inhabitants
have escaped with their lives. No one
but those who have witnessed them
know the terror of these prairie fires.—
St. Peter Statesman.

LARGE QUANTITIES of Imphee syrup
have been made in this State this year.
In some localities the farmers have
manufactured enough to supply their
families for a year. The Imphee is al-
most entirely free from the rank taste of
Sargum and should be generally raised.
It is one of the most profitable crops a
farmer can raise. With but compara-
tively little labor every farmer can raise
his own supply, and have a large or
two to sell.—Taylor's Fall Reporter,
Oct. 29.

—It is said a snake's tail keeps wig-
gling long after his head is cut off. This
is the reason the Copperhead tail of the
Pioneer still "slashes around."

Dyspepsia and Fits.

A SURE CURE FOR
Those distressing complaints is now made
known in a Treatise on Foreign and Na-
tural Remedies, published by Dr. O.
Peters, New York. The prescription is simple,
and can be conscientiously refused to make
it known, as it has cured every one who
used it, never having failed in a single case.
It is equally sure in cases of Fits as of Dyspepsia;
and may be used in any stage of the
disease. Sent free to all on the receipt of five
cent postage. This work, of 48 octavo
pages, contains all the latest and best treat-
ments on the subject.

CONSUMPTION.

Bronchitis, Asthma, General Debility, and
gives the best known Herbal Remedies for their
prevention and permanent cure. Address Dr. O.
Peters, New York, No. 19 Grand Street, Jersey
City, New Jersey.

Munger Bros.,

Music Dealers,
Concert Hall Block,
Third Street, St. Paul, Minn.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR
STEINWAY & SONS,
GRAND PIANO
United Piano Fortes

Bradbury's
Fischer's
Vose's and
Groveston & Co.'s
PIANOS.

Also Sole Agents for
Princo & Co.'s, and Mason &
Hamlin's Celebrated Melodeons,
School Organs and Cabinet Organs.
We keep constantly on hand the only
COMPLETE STOCK
of Sheet Music, Musical Instru-
ments and Musical Merchandise,
in the State.
We sell all the above at Manufacturers'
Prices, and every article is fully
WARRANTED.
October, 1864.—nd-1y

C. D. Strong,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALER IN

HARDWARE & STOVES,

132 Third Street above Robert,
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

A Large Assortment of

STOVES,

Finer's Stock and Metals,

Together with Manufactured

TIN,

COPPER,

BRASS,

AND SHEET

IRON WARE,

kept constantly on hand,

Also a full supply of

BUILDERS' HARDWARE,

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS,

GLASS, NAILS,

CUTLERY & MECHANICAL TOOLS

of all kinds.

St. Paul, Oct. 1864.—nd-1y.

C. PROAL,

Horse Blankets,

Skates and Sleigh Bells,

SADDLERY AND COACH HARDWARE,

SADDLES & HARNESS,

TRUNKS & VALISES,

Henry Rifles, Ballard Rifles

AND

PISTOLS.

MILITARY SADDLERY.

Wholesale and Retail.

UNION BLOCK, CORNER ROBERT & THIRD STREET

nd-1y SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.

James Davenport,

Book-Seller and Stationer,

250 THIRD STREET, ST. PAUL.

Always has on hand a large assortment of

Wall Paper, Letter Paper,

ENVELOPES AND STATIONERY

of all kinds.

Miscellaneous Books,

ALL NEW PUBLICATIONS.

And every thing usually kept in a first-class

BOOK-STORE.

First Block above the Postoffice.

St. Paul, October, 1864.—nd-6m.

STOVES.

I have on hand the best selection of

Cook, Parlor cook, Banning

AND

BOX STOVES,

ever offered in this market, which I will sell

low for cash.

I feel confident in point of variety and price I
can give entire satisfaction.

C. L. GRANT.

NO. 113 THIRD STREET, UNION BLOCK.

St. Paul, October, 1864.—nd-6m.

NOTICE.

From this date we will close our store at 7
o'clock P. M., Saturday evenings except L.
Levy & Dasties.

October 18, 1864.

TO PROFESSORS OF MUSIC, AMATEURS, AND
THE MUSICAL PUBLIC GENERALLY.

P. J. WUNDERMAN,

FOREIGN & AMERICAN MUSIC WAREHOUSE,
524 Broadway.

Having on hand the largest stock of Foreign Music in
New York, which he imports from Europe, and
the best and most complete of the American
of New York, especially calls attention to the fact that he
is now supplying, Music of every style in a quantity of
percent to fifty per cent, less than any other house in
the United States.

Private Families can be supplied (free of charge) by
forwarding the cash to the above address. Should the
balance be promptly returned in postal currency.
Business and Professions should not neglect this op-
portunity; they will be liberally dealt with.

N. B.—Any and every piece of Music (cost or insur-
ance) published in Europe or America, will be sup-
plied to order, if accompanied by the cash.

Remember the address.

P. A. Wunderman,
Foreign and American Music Warehouse,
524 Broadway, New York. 5 2m

Great Improvements in Sewing Machines.

EMPIRE SHUTTLE MACHINE!

Patented February 14, 1860.

Salesroom 536 Broadway.

This machine is constructed on entirely new principles of mechanism, possessing many
rare and valuable improvements, having been examined by the most profound experts, and
pronounced to be SIMPLICITY and PERFECTION COMBINED.

The following are the principal objections urged against Sewing Machines.—
1.—Excessive fatigue to the operator. 4.—Incapacity to sew every description of
2.—Liability to get out of order. material. 5.—Disagreeable noise while in operation.
3.—Expense, trouble, loss of time in repairing. 6.—Inability to sew every description of
material.

THE EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE IS EXEMPT FROM ALL THE ABOVE OBJECTIONS.

It has a straight needle perpendicular action, makes the LOCK or SHUTTLE STITCH,
which will NEITHER RIP nor RAVEL, and is alike on both sides; performs perfect sewing
on every description of material, from Leather to the finest Sanscock Muslin, with Cotton,
Linen, or Silk thread, from the coarsest to the finest number.
Having neither CAM nor COG WHEEL, and the least possible friction, it runs as smooth
as glass, and is

Emphatically a Noiseless Machine!

It requires FIFTY PER CENT. less power to drive it than any other machine in market.
A girl twelve years of age can work it steadily, without fatigue or injury to health.
Its strength and WONDERFUL SIMPLICITY of construction render it almost impossible
to get out of order, and is GUARANTEED by the company to give entire satisfaction.
We respectfully invite all those who may desire to employ themselves with a superior ar-
ticle, to call and examine this UNRIVALLED MACHINE.

But in a special manner we solicit the patronage of

MERCHANT TAILORS, DRESS MAKERS, COSEIT MAKERS, GAITER FITTERS, SHOE BINDERS.

RELIGIOUS and CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will be liberally dealt with.

PRICE OF MACHINES, COMPLETE:

No. 1. Family Machine, with Remover.....\$60
No. 2. Small Manufacturing, with extension table..... 75
No. 3. Large Manufacturing, with extension table..... 85
No. 4. Large Manufacturing, for Leather, with extension table and 100
One half hour's instruction is sufficient to enable any person to work this Machine
to his entire satisfaction!

Your attention is also called to the EMPIRE SHUTTLE, Patented June 26, 1860.

It is well known that a Shuttle with a spring centre is preferable to any other
given object to its use, was on account of its spring getting out of order, it
to be put in the hands of a skillful mechanic to be repaired.
The Empire Shuttle is so simple that any operator can repair it without loss of time
expense.

Price—Small size for Family Machine, \$1 25; Large size for Manufacturing Machine, \$1 50

AGENTS WANTED for all Towns in the United States, where agents are not already es-
tablished. Also, for Cuba, Mexico, Central and South America, to whom a liberal discount
will be given.

These invariably Cash on delivery.

T. J. NORTON & CO.,

536 BROADWAY.

COUTANT'S CATALOGUE

OF

AGRICULTURAL BOOKS.

FORMERLY PUBLISHED BY C. M. SAXON.</

Toral and Miscellaneous News.

We are authorized by the Judge of this district to say that the attendance of jurors for the next term of court in this county will not be required until the second day of the term (Wednesday) at ten o'clock a. m.

The Judge will be here on Tuesday.

To Advertisers.—Our next issue occurring on election day, we shall close our columns on Monday evening, and go to press early on Tuesday morning. It will be necessary, therefore, that all advertisements, and other notices intended for insertion in our next, should be handed in early on Monday.

RETURNED.—Dr. J. C. RHODES, who has been acting as Contract Surgeon with the Ninth Minnesota regiment for the past three months, returned home a few days since. The Doctor shows the effect of his Southern trip, and is glad to get back to the bracing climate of Minnesota.

IMPROVEMENTS.—We are pleased to notice that the old tumble-down building just south of our office, formerly belonging to the Columbus property, is being raised, and the whole fabric undergoing thorough repairs. It has been purchased by Mr. MACKENHAUSEN, who is fitting it up with the intention of opening an extensive bakery and confectionery store.

We would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. YANTER & ROSE Wholesale Druggists, No. 111 Third street, St. Paul. Give them a call.

We direct the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Mrs. J. REDMOND, St. Paul. She has just received a magnificent full stock of Bonnets, Hats and Flowers, and our lady friends, when at St. Paul, if they would consult their own interest, will give Mrs. REDMOND a call.

WOOD.—A large amount of dry, hard wood is being brought down from up river. Owing to the low stage of water, much of it is floated down in "cribs," with less injury to the wood, it is claimed, from an accumulation of sand, than in high water when more sand is running with the water.

Our energetic friend Mr. J. WHEELER, has impressed a little steamer, called the *TELETYPE*, into his employ, and, with the aid of two or three barges, is bringing down large supplies of wood, which is being stored along the levee.

The price for wood on the levee, is from \$6 to \$6.50 per cord.

TO OUR AGRICULTURAL FRIENDS.—We call your attention to a list of excellent agricultural books in another column, published by C. G. COVANT. They are all standard books, and of great value to the farmer. Any book in the catalogue will be furnished at the price annexed, free of charge.

Leave your orders at this office. Just look over the list, and make your selection.

DEPARTURE OF THE EIGHTH REGIMENT.—Four hundred and eighty men of this regiment came down from Fort Snelling on Wednesday last, and embarked on board the steamer *Albany*, bound for Dixie. Three barges were necessary to merely furnish the men standing room, and a drizzling rain added to their discomfort, nevertheless the men were in the best of spirits. A number of the men, residing in the river towns below, went down some days before, and were to join the regiment on its way to La Crosse. Just before the departure on Wednesday, an incident transpired which indicates pretty clearly in what estimation the gun-boat hero is held by them.

As they were just about in readiness to leave, a brave little mackerel on shore called for three cheers for his peace-warrior. The response was faint and feeble, and few, and flickering, and failing, and finally fizzled, not more than twenty or thirty joining. The regiment then gave, without waiting to be called on, three spontaneous, ringing cheers for Lincoln, following with three lugubrious, dismal groans for littlmac.

All honor to the glorious Eighth. We trust a bright future is in store for them.

RAINY WEATHER.—We have been blessed with a few days of miserably disagreeable weather—drizzling rain, and mud, and all that sort of thing. Not enough rain, however, has fallen to have any material effect upon navigation.

—In 1863, California gave a Union majority of 19,936. A letter from Senator Conness, says:

I have no fears for the result of California. The value of peace and Union is too well known to the patriotic hearts of our people for them to falter now. The people are too courageous to take a backward step. The name of California stands too high; she cannot afford to lower her crest—to let her ensign down.

SHERIDAN'S MOTTO.—Fight Early and fight often.

FROM THE FRONT.—Mr. J. B. BUTLER, of the 1st Wisconsin Infantry, returned home a few days since, the regiment having been mustered out. Mr. BUTLER is an old resident of Stillwater, and returns in good health and spirits, after three years of soldiering. During the latter part of his term of service he was with SHERMAN, and had the pleasure of assisting in the capture of the rebel stronghold, Atlanta.

Mr. BUTLER brings cheering news from the front; says the army has all confidence in their noble commander, the indomitable SHERMAN, and are enthusiastic and hopeful and confident of final victory. He states that the soldiers in that department hold Copperheads and that party which declares all the glorious successes that have crowned their efforts "failures," in the utmost detestation, only equalled by their hatred of the rebels in front. He does not believe the "grave-digger of the Chickahominy" will get one vote in a hundred among the soldiers in SHERMAN'S army. Mr. BUTLER relates the following, which shows the feeling of the soldiers toward McCLELLAN and his supporters:

On their return, just this side of Chattanooga, a vote was taken on the train, and the vote stood in the regiment, for LINCOLN 179; for McCLELLAN 8. The soldiers were so indignant at the idea that even that small number in the regiment should endorse the McClellan backing down policy, that they stopped the train and extended a pressing invitation to the Cops to step off, which they were constrained to do. The train passed on leaving the little man in the rear, where they generally wish to be.

They took the next train, however, and overtook the regiment shortly before reaching home, when another vote was taken, resulting for LINCOLN 184; for Little Mac 1; for VALLANDIGRAM 1.

The train was again stopped, and the little man and the VALLANDIGRAM man were tumbled off together; after which they were seen no more. Of course we can justify the soldiers in their treatment of their comrades, but it simply shows their unmitigated scorn and contempt for Copperheads. In fact they make no distinction between the rebels they have been fighting at the South for three years and their North ern allies at home.

AN IDEE THEATRE.—It is about the cheapest and most absurd nonsense for our Democratic friends, or any other man to attempt to intimidate us by threats of injury to our business in order to deter us from the free expression of our honest convictions upon any subject which is proper to be discussed in the columns of a newspaper. Such threats "pass by like the idle wind which we respect not."

The paltry sum of two dollars looks so large in some people's eyes, that they flatter themselves that they are supporting the paper to an almost unlimited extent by paying (or offering, only agreeing to pay) that sum for a year's subscription.

And, as a consequence, if they happen to take exceptions to any thing in the columns of their local paper, they expect that all that is necessary for them to do, in order to bring the whole institution down with a crash, is to stride into the office, push open the sanctum door with a bang, jerk out a green-back of insignificant dimensions, and "spang!" it down on the table, exclaiming in startling thunder tones—"Stow my paper!"

Some men are so puffed up with their own vast importance and weight in society, that they earnestly believe that simply the withdrawal of their moral support from a paper will be its death-knell, and are, no doubt, very much astonished to find that the paper appears regularly each succeeding week, and every thing keeps on the even tenor of its way as if nothing at all had happened.

If some of our indignant and delinquent subscribers should "labor into an impression" that they could injure our business prospects by a similar movement, we shall not feel very much aggrieved.

The Indian Murderer.

The *Superior Gazette* of a late date has the following in reference to the Indian who murdered Mr. GISSON of this place, a short time since at a camp on Grindstone creek:

This rascal—who has long been outlawed by every Indian, band and tribe of the Chippewas, for his villainous disposition—spent a portion of the past summer in this neighborhood and was at the recent payment at Fond-du-lac. He pretends to be a *Manitou*, and claims that a spirit does all his diabolical work for him, such as stealing, etc.

Last spring he was handcuffed and shackled in the jail at Crow Wing, for stealing; next morning he was gone without leaving any clue to the manner of his escape. At the payment at Fond-du-lac his performances equalled those of the celebrated Davenport brothers. He was tied in every conceivable manner, hands, feet, arms and legs with bed-cords, over all this, a fish-net was wrapped some fifty times, and then lashed, which took nearly half an hour. He was then

placed in a wigwam some twenty feet high, and in about two minutes, the ropes were thrown out of the smoke-hole at the top of the wigwam, done up as nice as when bought at the store. All the time he was talking wit his spirit, as he said, at the top of the wigwam, and both voices were plainly audible to those outside; in a few minutes he came out perfectly free. That he is a ventriloquist and a hard case there is no doubt.

The Fourth Minnesota.

From the official report of the part taken by the Fourth Minnesota regiment in the battle of Allatoona, which was fought Oct. 5th, we glean the following. The report is from Major Elson, who is in command of the regiment. They went into the fight with four hundred and fifty men, one hundred and sixty of whom were new recruits, who had received their arms only three days before. The fought with the bravery and steadiness of veterans. The regiment captured eighty prisoners, including the Major commanding the 39th Mississippi Infantry and several line officers, with the colors of the 35th and 39th Mississippi regiments, and one hundred and twenty-three stand of arms. The losses are:

Killed and Died of Wounds.	
Enlisted men.	13
Commissioned Officers.	3
Enlisted men.	28
Total Wounded.	31
Total killed and wounded.	44

The Minneapolis *Atlas* of the 26th ult., says a huge bear weighing six hundred pounds, was killed, a few days ago one and a half miles from that place.

Among the amusing incidents in the taking of the soldiers' vote in Washington, told by "Dog" Wallach, is that of the apparition of a "pious-looking, Shem-lam-and-Japhet-and-Onesimus sort of fellow" at Harwood Hospital, where he asked permission to speak to the soldiers. The officers, thinking that he wished to impart religious instruction, gave their consent. The soldiers were all assembled in one of the wards, and after some complimentary remarks, he informed them that his purpose was to obtain votes for McClellan! Upon this announcement, a hubbub occurred among the soldiers and the speaker seemed to have arrived at a sticking point, when he was summarily relieved by the commanding officer calling upon all in favor of McClellan to rise, which was responded to by one single soldier! The officer then directed all opposed to leave the room, and 299 soldiers went out, leaving the pious-looking missionary of Democracy and the McClellan soldier to themselves.

A good joke is told at the expense of the honest Democracy of Miami county, Ind.

They regarded their Senatorial district as perfectly safe, coming on the large majority of 1862, and desiring to aid their friends in Cass, they sent some one hundred and fifty of their voters to assist in carrying that doubtful district. The consequence was that a Union Senator was elected in the Miami district, and the rousing Union majority in Howard county saved a Union Senator in the Cass district. We rather guess that a worse disappointed set of knaves never practiced pipe-playing since elections were invented.

On Tuesday, the day of the elections in Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania, the rebels hung out a huge placard at a point in their outer works before Richmond, inscribed "Vote for McClellan," and fired a blank cartridge to call attention to it.

It got attention speedily—Union attention. A concentrated discharge of shotted guns knocked placard, breast-work, McClellan canvassers and all into flinders.

The Chicago Platform and its candidates will go up in just that way on the blessed 8th proximo.

Speed the day!

—A fast young man on his return from his first visit to the West was glowingly describing the beauty of the situation and the fertility of the soil of a town where he had spent about two months.

"How about the water Gus?" asked an inquisitive friend.

"I forgot to try it!" responded he.

A soldier who was reading inscriptions on the transparencies in a democratic procession in Trenton, and discovering nothing inscribed thereon but abuse of the President of the United States and insults at our own government, turned to a companion and exclaimed:

"I say Jim! this is the first rebel raid we've seen since we left Virginia!"

MARRIED.

CUTLER—VAN VORHES. In this city, Nov. 1st, by Rev. J. L. HOWELL, H. DWIGHT CUTLER and M. LOUISE, daughter of Major A. Van Vorhes.

New Advertisements.

MRS. J. REDMOND

Has just received a complete stock of FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY GOODS.

CONSIGNEE OF

Ribbons, Velvets, Flowers,

FEATHERS,

HATS, &c. &c.

and every thing pertaining to a FIRST-CLASS

Millinery Establishment,

and offers the same at the lowest cash price.

Greenleaf's Block, near the Post Office.

Wawter & Rose,

Wholesale Druggists,

AND DEALERS IN

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, GLASS-WARE, VARNISHES, DYE STUFFS, PERFUMERY, &c. &c. &c.

NO. 111 THIRD STREET,

BETWEEN JACKSON & ROBERT STREET,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America, as a missionary discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who sends it, *Free of Charge*.

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,

58-59 1/2 Station D, Block House, New York City.

(OFFICIAL.)

STATEMENT SHOWING THE condition of the Bank of Stillwater on the morning of the first Monday of October, 1864, before the transactions of any business on that day.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts, except to Stockholders and Brokers. \$24,132 75

Due from the Stockholders of this Bank. 25,000 00

Over Drafts. 3,520 84

U. S. Stocks on Deposit with State Auditor at par value. 30,200 00

State Stocks not deposited with State Auditor. 17,426 71

Cash Items, viz: Stamps \$238 40;

U. S. Bonds. 1,112 00;

Treas. Notes, \$8,610; 10,020 40

Real Estate and Office Fixtures. 4,670 75

Loans and Expenses accounts. 646 46

Gifts of Solvent Banks on hand. 3,217 98

Due from Banks. 16,721 28

\$144,887 17

LIABILITIES.

Capital. \$50,000 00

Reg'd Bank Notes received from Auditor and not returned \$25,610

Unpaid Reg'd Notes on hand. 5,648

Unpaid Reg'd Bank Notes in circulation. 30,102 00

Due to Depositors. 60,982 86

Due to others not included under either of the above heads. 10,602 46

Undivided Profits. 3,920 15

\$144,887 17

I hereby certify that the foregoing statement is true, according to the sworn reports of the officers of said Bank, on file in this office.

CHARLES MILLER, JR.,

Auditor of State.

TAKEN UP.

On the 21st Oct. 1864, one white pony horse about four years old, with two large hind-legs.

The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take the same away.

C. S. GUTCHELL,

Attn, Oct. 22 1864.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, for the purpose of conducting a business of the firm of MILLER & LATH, is hereby dissolved.

Those indebted to the late firm are requested to make immediate payment.

A. B. STICKNEY,

A. B. EASTON.

Stillwater, Oct. 1, 1864.

THE DROP HAS COME!

Down go the Prices!!

Selling off to Close Businesses.

House for Rent or Sale.

As the term of our partnership expires by limitation in March next, and having fully determined to close our present business, we have fixed the prices of our goods at such figures as to enable us to close out our whole stock in as short time as possible.

We have on hand a large stock of DRY GOODS, ROOTS, SHOES, CROCKERY, HATS, CAPS, GROCERIES, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, and MILLINERY GOODS, which we offer at very low prices.

Our house is for sale or rent; we will sell out the property and stock to a person wishing to engage in business, upon good terms.

We will sell for cash only from this date, as we wish to close all open accounts and to open no new ones.

LETY & DANIEL,

October 15, 1864.

Commissioners' Notice.

The undersigned, having been duly appointed by the Probate Court of Washington county, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims against the estate of D. C. Buswell deceased, are required to present them to said Commissioners within six months from the 20th day of October, 1864, or be forever barred. The Commissioners will meet at the house of H. L. Thomas, in Alton, on Thursday November 24, 1864, and also Thursday, March 24, 1865, at one o'clock in the afternoon.

H. L. THOMAS, Commissioners.

G. W. CUTLER, }
Dated October 19, 1864.—no 5

Dwelling House for Sale.

I offer my dwelling house, situate on Third street, Nelson's Block, the school-house, for sale. Good cellar, and cistern with plenty of water. Good garden, with currants, plums, grapes, &c. Price VERY LOW, and terms easy.

Enquire of H. R. Murdock,

July 12, 1864.—44 Dr. J. C. RHODES.

"MAY THE BEST MAN WIN."

SAVE YOUR MONEY.

The Cheapest, most Delicious and Healthy Coffee in the World.

THE PEOPLE'S PROVISION COMPANY Have this day established their East India Coffee prices as follows:

Single pounds. . . . 15 cents.

Seven pounds. . . . 1 dollar.

20 pounds delivered free on boat or R. R. on receipt of \$8.00.

For sale by grocers generally at the above rates.

Be sure that you ask for and get

P. P. COMPANY'S EAST INDIA COFFEE.

It has a PINK LABEL. Ask any grocer for it. It is especially valued by Dyspeptics and persons suffering with disorders of the liver and kidneys. It requires but one-half as much as any other, is better flavored, and is the

Cheapest Coffee in the World.

Address all orders to PEOPLE'S PROVISION CO., 268 Greenwich St., N. Y.

August 1, 1863.—no 17

LIEBIG'S ESSENTIAL COFFEE

The most Healthy,

The most Economical,

The most Delicious

PREPARATION OF COFFEE

IN THE WORLD,

OLD OR NEW.

This Coffee is prepared under a formula from the great German Chemist,

PROFESSOR LIEBIG,

and gives the essential full strength and delicious flavor of OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA COFFEE, which is the only quality of Coffee used in its preparation, without any of that noxious quality, which so easily damages the nervous system in the use of even the best grades of Coffee as ordinarily prepared.

It gives the essential tonic and diuretic elements of Dandelion, without the "herby," coarse taste and disgusting, and yet always found in the ordinary Dandelion Coffee.

It is known to all acquainted with chemistry, that the essence, or oil, or whatever name may be given it, when properly and scientifically obtained from any herb or plant, is a different article from that produced by putting that plant into water and boiling it out—permitting the escape of the most exquisite and reliable strength and leaving the coarse and earthy drugs precipitated in solution.

So this preparation combines the exquisite aroma of the Java Coffee, with the highest essential excellence of the most choice Dandelion—yielding the spirit without the grosser earthy body of both; thereby avoiding the deleterious effects of both, and becoming at the same time the

MOST DELICIOUS BEVERAGE

AND THE

MOST HEALTH-GIVING

Restoring Drink.

Known in the world—being at once a sovereign remedy instead of producer of

Dyspepsia and General Nervous Debility, Flatulence, Fullness of the Head, Dizziness, Constipation, and diseases of the Liver and Kidneys,

because of its great Tonic and Diuretic qualities.

The simple fact that the preparation is from Baron Liebig, will commend it to the attention of the scientific in all parts of the country, while the use of it will at once and permanently prove to the masses every where that it is the long needed desideratum—in its way.

The immense popularity of this Coffee in the Old World is an earnest that its use and popularity in America is bound to become continental wide.

Another consideration not to be overlooked in regard to the matter, is that it

Costs Less than Ordinary Green Coffee,

And requires less than half the quantity to give the same degree of strength, and its use proves it at 30 cents a pound to be cheaper than Maricao coffee at 15 cents a pound.

Neatly packed in pound papers with full instructions for use on each label—in SIXTY POUND BOXES. Price 30 cents per pound. A liberal discount to the trade.

Manufactured by the

PEOPLE'S PROVISION COMPANY,

268 GREENWICH STREET, N. Y.

To whom all orders may be addressed.

Sold by wholesale Grocers and Druggists

Bronson's Column.

1863.

1863.

NEW STORE,

Corner Main & Myrtle Streets.

NEW GOODS

CALL—COME—SEE.

TO THE PUBLIC:

Having bought out D. BRONSON, JR. & CO.'S interest in their old store, and having made large additions thereto—I shall hereafter give my exclusive attention to the store, and hope to merit a share of your patronage.

D. BRONSON JR.

AND THE

MOST HEALTH-GIVING

Restoring Drink.

Known in the world—being at once a sovereign remedy instead of producer of

Dyspepsia and General Nervous Debility, Flatulence, Fullness of the Head, Dizziness, Constipation, and diseases of the Liver and Kidneys,

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To whom all orders may be addressed.

Sold by wholesale Grocers and Druggists

H. M. CRANDALL!

Opposite Steamboat Landing, MAIN STREET.

STILLWATER, MINN.

1863. 1863. SPRING TRADE.

CARL & CO. RESPECTFULLY A. K. K. TO THE

Drugs and Medicines that have been for sale here and are

CHIRURGICALS AND EXTRACTS will embrace every article that the medical

COAL OIL LAMPS, Lamp Glass, Chimney, and all the

Carbon Oil will be the purest and best the market affords

Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs, Our stock will be complete, and our prices

Patent Medicines, We have a large stock of

Refined Candles, and all the

Wholesale and Retail Dealers, We have a large stock of

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JOS. E. SCHLENNER'S Clothing Establishment.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Blankets, Cassimere and Vestings.

HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

BUCK HITS, GLASSES & MOCCASINS.

The undersigned has been to invite the

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

which has been bought at low as any man

LESS THAN CHICAGO RETAIL PRICES.

My large stock of Ready Made Clothing is

The Merchant Tailor Department, under

R. J. BALL, will speak for itself.

Will endeavor to make up the finest

LIVING PRICES.

PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE GOODS

AND PRICES.

J. E. SCHLENNER.

October 12, 1863.

STOVES, STOVE-WARE.

Tinner's Stock, &c.

Will be furnished to the trade at prices that

will be an inducement to purchase.

May, 1863.

TIN WARE.

WILL BE SOLD AT CHICAGO PRICES.

A. S. HAWKWOOD.

THIRD STREET, ST. PAUL.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF

Sherriff's Sale.

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SALE OF SCHOOL LANDS.

In pursuance of law, I Charles McRath,

Commissioner of the State Land Office,

county, at the place and period hereinafter

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

At Stillwater, Thursday, November 10th,

1863, the following described tract or parcels

of land, viz:

Section 27, T. 27, R. 20.

per acre.

10 Prairie \$5

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TO THE LADIES OF AMERICA.

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY!

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THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY!

The Model Sewing Machine!

THE CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD

BECAUSE THE BEST.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

THE WEEB SEWING MACHINE COMPANY,

500 Broadway, N. Y.

Manufacture the most perfect Machine for Sewing

of all kinds, ever presented to the American

public, and challenge comparison with any

Sewing Machine made in the United States.

The Weeb Machines, with all their

valuable improvements, entirely overcome all

imperfections. They are

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

They are

FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.

Simple in construction, durable in all their

parts, and readily understood. They have

nothing of which or all kinds of fabric, and

are adapted to sew wide range of work with

out change of adjustment. Using all kinds of

Threads, Will Sew, Sew, Sew, Sew, Sew, Sew,

They make the inferior quality of work, which

cannot be excelled for dress, elegance, du-

rability and cleanness of finish.

THEY HAVE RECEIVED

THE HIGHEST PREMIUMS!

in every instance, where they have been ex-

posed in competition with other standard

Machines. We invite all persons in search of

an instrument to execute any kind of Sewing

done in the domestic or industrial way, to

make sure they are the best, by proving the

Weed before purchasing. The Company

believe that the Sewing Machine is a pro-

tection against frauds and imitations.

Work will be furnished to all who desire them,

by mail or otherwise.

RELATIVE WANTED, in all localities

in the United States, Canada, British Pro-

vinces, Mexico, Central and South Amer-

ica, West India Islands and the Hawaiian

Islands, to whom we offer GREAT INDUCEMENTS.

Enormous sales will be made by the use of

reliable Sewing Machines. We have a ne-

STILLWATER MESSENGER

A. B. EASTON, Editor.

STILLWATER:

Tuesday, - November 8, 1864

UNION PRESIDENTIAL TICKET, 1864.

FOR PRESIDENT:
ABRAHAM LINCOLN.
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ANDREW JOHNSON.
OF TENNESSEE.

For Presidential Electors,
CHARLES H. LINDSEY,
JOHN G. BETTZ,
J. N. MURDOCK,
J. W. MORFORD.

For Representative in Congress,
IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

For Judges of the Supreme Court,
THOMAS WILSON.

Associate Justices,
S. J. R. McMILLAN,
JOHN M. BERRY.

For Judge of District Court,
CHARLES MCCLURE.

LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

For Senator,
JOHN M. KUSICK.

For Representatives,
L. J. STARK,
ANSELL SMITH,
L. A. HUNTOON.

For Judge of Probate,
H. B. MURDOCK.

For County Auditor,
RUDOLPH LEHMICKE.

For County Commissioners,
3d Dist.—ANAL ELDRIDGE.

4th Dist.—**L. A. HUNTOON.**

5th Dist.—**BERKMAN WINANT.**

"We are essentially aristocratic."

—John C. Calhoun.

"We seemed to rid ourselves of the rule of the majority."—Jefferson Davis.

"Let us seek at once to eradicate every vestige of radical democracy."

EVERY FEATURE TENDING TO MAKE OURS A POPULAR GOVERNMENT.—*Southern Literary Messenger, Richmond, January, 1863.*

"Justice, humanity, liberty and the public welfare demand that immediate efforts be made for a cessation of hostilities."—*Chicago Platform.*

"The platform is quite as good as could have been expected."—*Mobile Register.*

Douglas Democrats.

Read Stephen A. Douglas' estimate of Abraham Lincoln:

"He is a fearless, honest man, and the country will be safe in his hands."

Do you wish it?

Do you wish ardently, from the bottom of your heart, to see the Union restored, the "Old Flag" vindicated, its honor left unimpaired, the integrity of the nation sustained, its credit made good, and a lasting peace brought about? If so, go to the ballot-box to-day and vote the Union Ticket. Its candidates are pledged to all this—and nothing more. In the language of the immortal Douglas, "the slavery question is a mere pretext."

Democrats.

All of you who are honest and loyal men, should vote for Abraham Lincoln: not because he is a Republican, but because he is in favor of crushing the rebellion and maintaining the integrity of the Union.

Jeff. Davis' Candidate.

All who are about to deposit their ballots today for the "Peace party," or in other words to vote the Mac Pendleton ticket, which represents the peace sneak party, will do well to ponder the following extract from a late speech by Jeff. Davis:

"Let fresh victories crown our (rebel) arms, and the Peace party, if there be one at the North, can elect its candidate."

Thus among those who advocate, by words and by arms, the election of McClellan, is the chief conspirator of the great rebellion, JEFF. DAVIS.

"Hurrah for McClellan!"

Was the battle cry of Hrood's soldiers in their late attack upon Resaca. With this fact before us, it does not seem surprising that whole regiments of Sherman's army should vote solid against the man whom the rebels cheer so justly.

"There must be a class of men whose business it is to dig the soil and tend the herds, and who must not be allowed to have any real or personal property of their own. This class never will, never can, and never ought to take any part in the political affairs of the country."

—Hon. B. Watkins Leigh, of Virginia.

Letter from Hon. H. M. Rice

His Position on the Presidential Question.

For Lincoln and Freedom—Against McClellan and Slavery.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 17, 1864.

Editors of the Press:

Please publish the accompanying letter of the Hon. H. M. Rice, and by so doing you will greatly serve the cause of the Union.

Respectfully,

R. BLAKELEY.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 1, 1864.

GENTLEMEN: In yours of yesterday you say that my personal friends wish to know my "position as to the question involved in the coming Presidential Election."

I believe General McClellan and Mr. Lincoln both desire peace—both the restoration of the Union. The one favors the return of the Southern States with Slavery, the other wishes those States to return without that institution. I believe that the revolted citizens forfeited all rights they had under the Constitution when they turned traitors, that the Emancipation Proclamation legally and rightfully set every slave free. I am as much opposed to again legalizing that institution in the South as I would be to its introduction into the Northern States.

I am in favor of the return of the Southern States, and think the day is not far distant when the same flag will float over us all, and when that happy day shall arrive I hope that the rights we enjoy will be freely accorded to them, and no more. They could purchase slaves; we cannot. They had more representatives in Congress, according to their voting population, than we had.

Under the last census South Carolina had 291,000 whites. She was entitled to six members of Congress. Connecticut had 451,000 whites, but was entitled to but four members of Congress. Alabama had seven members, with 526,000 whites. Iowa had only six, with 673,000. Mississippi had five members, with 354,000. California, with 858,000 had only three. When the Southern States return I shall be in favor of their population being equally represented with our own, and no farther.

When the Southern armies are conquered peace will follow and the non-slaveholding portion of the Southern inhabitants will be at a loss to account for their having taken up arms in favor of a cause that was so steadily and surely working their ruin—under the system of slave labor the poor white man's wages in the South are controlled by the price of slaves, and the value of slaves was controlled by a few men of wealth. Can any laboring man believe that wages in the South do not have an influence upon wages at the North? It is said that if the slaves are set free their labor will come in competition with white labor. That is not so, for under a free government nothing human can control labor—it is only controlled where despotism reigns in the old world and in the Slave States. Hereafter, as heretofore, all will find enough to do—and after peace, labor will be in greater demand than ever, for new enterprises, new fields will be opened, the power that has so long clogged enterprise, will be crushed. I think that in the long future when all other of Mr. Lincoln's acts shall be forgotten, his Emancipation proclamation will adorn history's brightest page. I am opposed to Slavery for the reason that I am in favor of the largest human liberty and I cannot understand why some of our fellow citizens who came here that they might be free, can deny freedom to others.

When those that commenced the war wish peace, let them make it known, then it will be time for patriots at the North to listen. I think it becomes those who took up arms to defend their homes, their country, yea liberty! to make overtures to armed rebellion. I believe that by a vigorous prosecution of the war, peace will soon come, our liberties will be secured forever, and that prosperity will follow.

Union with slavery will be only a temporary cheat, and cannot last. Dissolution will bring ruin, anarchy, and an endless effusion of blood and money. Your obedient servant and friend,

HENRY M. RICE.

To Capt. R. Blakeley and Hon. John McKusick.

Is his speech at Columbus, S. C., Jeff. Davis said:

"Let fresh victories crown our arms, and the Peace party, if there be one at the North, can elect its candidate."

The Charleston Mercury recently said: "If we hold our own and prevent further military successes on the part of our foes, there is every prospect that McClellan will be elected, and his election upon the Chicago Platform would lead to peace and our independence."

If any anybody wants to vote for the candidate of Jeff. Davis and the Charleston Mercury, they will at least know precisely what they are voting for.

Why loyal democrats can no longer act with the so-called "democratic party."

1. The only sympathizers with rebels in the North are "Democrats."

2. The only soldiers from the North in the rebel army are "Democrats."

3. The Republican party never furnished a traitor to the flag, nor a recruit to the rebel army.

4. The only men at the North who justify or apologize for the rebels, are "Democrats."

5. The only party leaders at the North supported by the disloyal are "Democrats."

6. The only men elected to office in the North about whose disloyalty there is any question are "Democrats."

7. The only men at the North who try to divide loyal men and embarrass the Government are "Democrats."

8. The only newspapers at the North whose disloyalty is doubted by anybody are "Democrats."

9. The only papers that have been suppressed by the government for uttering treasonable sentiments, either by the Government or returned soldiers are "Democrats."

10. The only political victories at the North that cause Southern traitors and armed rebels to rejoice are "Democratic."

11. The only men at the North who say our soldiers who go to fight for the Government "ought to be shot," are "Democrats."

12. The only men arrested within our lines, acting as spies for the enemy are "Democrats."

13. The only men at the North who opposed the confiscation of the property of armed rebels are "Democrats."

14. The only men at the North who opposed the employment of negroes to relieve our soldiers from hardships, and save their lives in digging ditches, &c., are "Democrats."

15. The only men at the North who opposed the President's Emancipation Proclamation, and want the rebels to retain their negroes to raise provisions for the rebel army, while their masters are shooting down our brothers and sons, are "Democrats."

16. The only men who oppose the war to crush the rebellion, and threaten resistance to the laws, and revolution in the North, are "Democrats."

17. The only men in the North who have offered to lead a mob to burn the President from the Government by force and applaud the sentiment, are "Democrats."

18. The only men in the North who are in favor of hint at disunion, in the separation of the West from New England, and an alliance of the Western States with the Confederacy are "Democrats."

19. The only men in the North mean enough to denounce the Government and refuse to fight to maintain it, and discourage others from doing so, and then claim equal rights and protection under the laws, are "Democrats."

20. The only men who seek to demoralize our army and advise them to desert, are "Democrats."

21. The only men in the North look up by armed and confessed rebels as their "friends" and allies, are "Democrats."

22. The only men who raise the cry of "Abolitionists" against loyal men for supporting the Government and opposing the rebels are "Democrats."

23. The only men who threaten to dissolve the Union if they get beaten at the ballot-box, and thereby lose the spoils, are "Democrats."

24. The only men engaged in the rebellion to overthrow the Government, because they are not willing the voice of the majority, as expressed at the ballot-box, shall govern, are "Democrats."

25. The only men whose disloyalty and sympathy with the open foes of the Government will disgrace their memory and curse their posterity, are "Democrats."

Prices in the Revolution.

Those traitorous advocates of peace who point to the prices current as an argument for the immediate suspension of the war, will do well to consult the history of our country a little and see how light are the burdens we endure to preserve our Government, in comparison with those which our fathers suffered to establish it. Mrs. J. Q. Adams, in writing to her husband in Europe, October 16, 1790, giving the following prices of provisions in the colonies at that time: Corn is now \$30; rye \$27 per bushel; Flour \$130 a 140 per hundred. Beef \$8 per pound; mutton \$9; lamb \$6, a \$7, and \$8. Butter \$12 per pound; cheese \$10. Sheep's wool \$30 per pound; flax \$30. Sugar \$170 a 200 per hundred; molasses \$48 per gallon; tea \$90; coffee \$12. Cotton wool \$40 per pound. Money scarce, plenty of goods; enormous taxes.

Who Go for McClellan?

Vallandigham, the traitor, goes for McClellan.

Wall, the notorious New Jersey copperhead and traitor, is for McClellan.

Every man who clamors for peace and disgraceful submission to traitors, is a McClellan man.

Every man who utters the standing lie that the "Abolitionists" commenced this war is for McClellan.

Every rebel General, Colonel and Captain is in favor of the election of George B. McClellan.

Every "Knight of the Golden Circle" is for McClellan.

Every officer who has been dishonorably dismissed from the army, (for proof of this you can see them in the streets of every city throughout the country,) will vote for McClellan.

Every contractor who has been detected in defrauding the Government huzzas for McClellan.

Every deserter from the army is for McClellan.

Every man who voted against the law allowing soldiers to vote, goes for McClellan.

Every man interested in the rebel loan, such as the British rebel agent Augusta Belmont, of New York, is a warm friend of McClellan.

Such is the character of the leading supporters of McClellan. Friends of the Union, what think ye of them?

How the sixth Regiment Voted.

The Commissioners to receive the soldiers' votes in Tennessee and Arkansas report that the Sixth regiment at Helena, cast 370 votes, and of that number but sixteen were for Little Mac.

The Final Blow.

The election to-day will strike a final blow—will lay out cold and dead a struggling rebellion; or it will pour fresh life and vigor into all its veins.

Who then can pause or hesitate? One last great battle for the right—To die is to triumph—or fight is waged in Heaven's approving sight—The smile of God is victory!

Railroad Disaster near Hudson Wisconsin.

From the Superior Gazette.

The train due the first of October left, at the station twenty miles above Hudson, failing to come in as advertised for the last "seven" years, a tender was dispatched down the road, when it was discovered that the entire track, substructure ties, rails, culverts, bridges, and all, for quite a distance had been destroyed by a "difficulty."

The locomotive, "Hope No. 7," was somewhat injured; it will be repaired, however, in a short time and extricated from the "difficulty" with the entire train, by passing them over the Tomah and St. Croix road as "we believe it is expected to do some grading on this road this fall."

VALUABLE AND CONVENIENT.

"Brown's Bronchial Trochies," are widely known as an admirable remedy for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, and other troubles of the throat and lungs. They are of great value for the purposes for which they are designed, and they should be known that while they are usually and pleasantly efficacious, they contain no hurtful ingredients, but may at all times be used with perfect safety.

—*Doston Recorder.*

The Nashville Union says the vote at the camp of the Eighteenth Ohio, at Chattanooga, amounted to one thousand and sixty-seven. The thirty-seven were Copperheads. The Twelfth Ohio Independent Battery at Murfreesboro polled 150 votes for the Union candidates and not a Copperhead. This is the more significant from the fact that this battery served two years in the Army of the Potomac, under the peace candidate McClellan. The vote of the One Hundred and Seventy-sixth Ohio, at Camp Brough, near Nashville, was 400 for the Union, and 100 for the Copperhead ticket. Reports made to James C. Wetmore, Ohio State Military Agent, from twenty voting precincts in the Army of the Potomac, show that there have been twenty-six Union votes in Louisville, Jeffersonville and New Albany is 556, of which only seventeen are Copperhead. The voters represent seventy counties, and the vote is a good index of the Union vote in Sherman's army.

Soldiers Voting.

Hon. Ansell Smith, one of the Commissioners to receive the votes of the Minnesota soldiers in Sherman's army, returned home last week.

Mr. Smith reports that about 1,000 votes were secured, consisting of the Fourth regiment, Second Battery, Company A and B Heavy Artillery, and soldiers in Hospital.

The Second regiment and First Battery being thirty or forty miles beyond Rome, Ga., it was deemed impracticable to attempt to reach them, as there is no railroad communication beyond Rome, and the necessary delay would have prevented Mr. Smith from mailing the votes already secured in season.

UNION MEN.

We conjure you to vote right. Every vote for Lincoln is a sure shot at rebellion and treason, and every vote for McClellan is a shot against human freedom, and in favor of Jeff Davis and his minions.

The Best He Could.

"I believe Mr. Lincoln has done the best he could," says Maj. Gen. Sherman in his letter just published. Such is the conviction of an officer who, by his breadth of mind, his long residence in South previous to the rebellion, and his military experience further within the cordon of the rebellion than that of any other general officer, peculiarly qualify him to form a correct judgment. It derives additional force from the fact that Gen. Sherman has always been a staunch Democrat.

It is said that recent events in the Shenandoah have disgusted the rebel press with a standard newspaper phrase. They don't hanker after Early news any more.

When about to cast your ballot with the Democratic party to-day pause and remember what rebel Congressman Summes says: "Our hopes are dependent entirely upon the success of the Democratic party at the North in the approaching Presidential election."

The following is a copy of a letter from the President to General Sheridan, which was read on Monday week, to every regiment in the command:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—To Major-General Sheridan:—With great pleasure I tender to you and your brave army, the sincere thanks of the nation, and my own personal admiration and gratitude for the month's operations in the Shenandoah Valley, and especially for the splendid work of Oct. 19. Your obedient servant, ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

George Francis Train, who is now training in the Union ranks, well said in his recent speech to the Republican Invincibles, in Philadelphia:

"THERE ARE ONLY TWO PARTIES IN THE COUNTRY. THE FIRST COMPRISES THOSE WHO CHEER FOR SHERIDAN WHEN HE GAINS ONE OF HIS MAGNIFICENT VICTORIES, AND THE OTHER THOSE WHO DO NOT."

"The slow question is a mere excuse. The election of Lincoln is a mere pretext. The present secession movement is the result of an enormous conspiracy, formed more than a year since—formed by leaders in the Southern States—conspiring more than twelve months ago. The conspiracy is known; armies have been raised in two sides to the question. Every man must be for the United States or against it. There can be no neutrality in this war. PATRIOTS AND TRAITORS.—Extract from the last speech of Steven A. Douglas.

New Advertisements.

H. M. Crandall,

DEALER IN

PURE DRUGS

AND

MEDICINES.

Paints, Oils & Dye-Staffs, Perfumery and FANCY ARTICLES.

PURE WINE & BRANDIES FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

Stillwater, 1864.—9. 1y.

TO PROFESSORS OF MUSIC, AMATEURS, AND THE MUSICAL PUBLIC GENERALLY.

P. A. Vanderman,

FOREIGN & AMERICAN MUSIC WAREHOUSE, 824 Broadway.

Having on hand the largest stock of Foreign Music in New York, which he imports from Europe expressly to meet the taste and requirements of the American lovers of Music, respectfully calls attention to the fact that he is now supplying Music of every style at a reduction of twenty per cent. from the retail price of any other house in the United States.

Private Families can be supplied (post free) by forwarding the cash to the above address. Should the amount of cash forwarded exceed the cost of the Music, the balance will be promptly returned in postal currency.

Dealers and Professors should not neglect this opportunity; they will be liberally dealt with.

N. B.—Any and every piece of Music (vocal or instrumental) published in Europe or America, will be supplied to order, if accompanied by the cash.

Remember the address:

P. A. Vanderman,

Foreign and American Music Warehouse, 824 Broadway, New York. 9 3m

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Washington, ss.—In Probate Court.—In the matter of the estate of Amos O. Grover, late of said county, deceased.

Upon reading and filing the petition of Joseph H. Grover and others, next of kin of said Amos O. Grover, late of said county deceased, praying that letters of administration upon the estate and effects of said deceased may issue to William Graves of said county:

It is ordered that said application be heard and determined before me at my office in the city of Stillwater in said county, on the 29th day of November next, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day.

And it is further ordered, that notice of said application and hearing be given to all persons interested in said estate, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the "Stillwater Messenger," a weekly newspaper published in said county of Washington.

JOLLIS MURDOCK, Judge of Probate.

Dated, Stillwater, Oct. 12, 1864.

TO SPORTSMEN.

Just received and receiving a complete suit for the grouse season, consisting of Rye caps, wads, apples, powder, flasks, shot-bags, dog whips, whistles, &c.

CARL & CO.

Great Improvements in Sewing Machines.

EMPIRE SHUTTLE MACHINE!

Patented February 14, 1860.

Salesroom 536 Broadway.

This machine is constructed on entirely new principles of mechanism, possessing many rare and valuable improvements, having been examined by the most profound experts, and pronounced to be SIMPLICITY and PERFECTION COMBINED.

The following are the principal objections urged against Sewing Machines.—

1.—Excessive fatigue to the operator. 4.—Incapacity to sew every description of material.

2.—Liability to get out of order. 5.—Disagreeable noise while in operation.

3.—Expense, trouble, loss of time in repairing. But in a special manner do we solicit the patronage of

THE EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE IS EXEMPT FROM ALL THESE OBJECTIONS.

It has a straight needle perpendicular action, makes the LOCK or SHUTTLE STITCH, which will NEITHER RIP nor RAVEL, and is alike on both sides; performs perfect sewing on every description of material, from Leather to the finest Swiss Muslin, with Cotton, Linen, or Silk thread, from the coarsest to the finest number.

Having neither CAM nor COG WHEEL, and the least possible friction, it runs as smooth as glass, and is

Emphatically a Noiseless Machine!

It requires FIFTY PER CENT. less power to drive it than any other machine in market. A girl twelve years of age can work it steadily, without fatigue or injury to health.

Its strength and WONDERFUL SIMPLICITY of construction render it almost impossible to get out of order, and is GUARANTEED by the company to give entire satisfaction.

We respectfully invite all those who may desire to supply themselves with a superior article, to call and examine this UNRIVALLED MACHINE.

But in a special manner do we solicit the patronage of

MERCHANT TAILORS, COACH MAKERS, DRESS MAKERS, CORSET MAKERS, HAT AND FUR MANUFACTURERS, SHIRT AND BOWTIE MAKERS, GAITER FITTERS, VEST AND PANTALOON MAKERS, SHOE BINDERS.

RELIGIOUS and CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will be liberally dealt with.

PRICE OF MACHINES, COMPLETE:

No. 1, Family Machine, with Hemmer.....\$60

No. 2, Small Manufacturing, with extension table.....75

No. 3, Large Manufacturing, with extension table.....100

No. 4, Large Manufacturing, for Leather, with Rolling Foot and Oil Cup.....125

One half hour's instruction is sufficient to enable any person to work this Machine to his entire satisfaction!

Your attention is also called to the EMPIRE SHUTTLE, Patented June 26, 1860.

Local and Miscellaneous News.

INDIAN SCARE.—A senseless and, as we believe, entirely unfounded rumor, has been circulated in the St. Croix Valley to the effect that, not only had more Indian outrages been committed in some of the counties above us, but that the Chippewas had banded together for the purpose of driving the lumbermen and others in that vicinity from the pines, giving to all such fifteen days in which to leave. It is, perhaps, useless to contradict such an idle report; nevertheless many will be found who will give credence to it. The Taylor's Falls Reporter of the 5th inst. speaks of similar reports in that place, and pronounces them all without the least foundation.

The Reporter admits, however, "that an Indian when under the influence of liquor will after the fashion of his enlightened (?) white brethren commit more or less outrages and crimes and the only apparent way to avoid it is to put a stop to the accursed Indian traffic in right whisky considerable of which, and it is with the utmost regret we say it, is carried on in this very community under the most respectable guise."

STEAMBOAT EXPLOSION NEAR THE ST. PAUL LEVER.—The boiler of the Steamer John Rumsey exploded on Friday afternoon, just before reaching the levee at St. Paul. Five men are known to have been instantly killed, and two others are still missing. The boat took fire, and shortly after sank in about six feet water. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

A NARROW ESCAPE.—From a private letter to one of our citizens, we learn that Capt. E. A. Folsom, of this city, commanding company C of the Eighth regiment, had a very narrow escape from drowning while the regiment were on their way south. During the evening, the Captain in stopping from a barge, to the steamer, made a misstep, and was precipitated into the river, between the boat and barge. One of the hands on the boat happened to see him and very promptly seized him by the hair of his head and held on until assistance came, when he was rescued from his perilous situation.

FINE ENGRAVINGS.—We have at our office, for sale, a few excellent Engravings of ABRAHAM LINCOLN and UNITED STATES GRANT, large size, suitable for framing, which are rapidly disposing of at 50 cents each. Call soon.

Mr. Schupp has also a few more left of the same sort, and a large assortment of other and cheaper engravings and paintings. Give him a call.

LOOK OUT FOR BURGERS.—On Saturday night, the Metropolitan Saloon on Main Street, was burglariously entered, and the contents of the money-drawer abstracted. The robber or robbers effected an entrance by unlocking the back door, and after opening all the doors except the front one, and taking what money had been left in the drawer—some \$10 or \$15 in scrip—quietly left.

The next night, the store of Mr. J. B. Sweeney was broken into, probably by the same parties, and the money in the drawer—about \$5 in postal currency—carried off. The entrance was made in this case, through a broken window, and the thief, after taking all the money he could find, helped himself to a pair of boots, and, finding the key in the lock of the front door on the inside, unfashioned the door, and slipped.

Our merchants and others will probably need no further warning to be on their guard, and prepared to give the second-class a warm reception.

Mr. Schultz desires to tender his compliments to the thief who entered his establishment, and would take it as a favor if he would call again at his earliest convenience.

LETTER OF HON. HENRY M. RICE.—We earnestly desire that every Democrat who is about to cast his vote to-day for the peace-sneak, back-down policy of the McPender party, would just wait long enough to give the letter of Mr. Rice a careful perusal, before depositing his vote, and if he has one spark of decency left, or the slightest claim to be called a candid, loyal man, he cannot avoid the irresistible conclusion that the so-called Democratic party of to-day is totally unworthy of his support.

"Two years of war," said Henry Ward Beecher on Saturday night, "and we have conquered half the rebel territory, hold the keys of the whole, and have nearly destroyed the military strength of the rebellion in the field. All this in two years of war."

"Four years you mean," said a bystander.

"No," responded Mr. Beecher. "I said two years of war. In the first two, General McClellan was in command."

Mr. Taylor's Lecture.—Hon. J. W.

Taylor delivered a very able and eloquent address to a crowded house on Saturday evening. We were pleased to notice a larger number of the fairer sex present than is usual at political meetings.

We noticed a number of our Democratic friends present who formerly trained under Mr. Taylor, and we trust some of the great truths uttered by the eloquent speaker sank deep into their hearts.

The lecture throughout was candid, logical and argumentative, and in the chaste and elegant style, characteristic of the speaker. At the conclusion of his remarks, the German portion of the audience were entertained with speeches from Hon. CHARLES SCHIEFFER, Gen. OSCAR MARMON and J. G. BETZ.

THE LADY'S FRIEND.—We learn from the November number of the New Magazine of Fashion and Literature, that it has already attained a large circulation. The aim of its publishers is to rival the three dollar magazines in the quality of their engravings and contents. Thus it is given during the present year, in every number, a finely engraved and colored Double Fashion Plate, while its other numerous engravings are of the best quality.

In the November number, there is a beautiful and touching steel engraving, called "THE EASY CHAIR"—a very handsome Double Colored Fashion Plate—a quantity of other engravings, some of them very pretty, all very useful to the ladies—a piece of music, and the usual assortment of interesting stories, poetry, &c.

Price \$2.50; 2 copies \$4.00; 3 copies \$5.00; 21 copies \$35.00. Single numbers sent, postage paid, for 25 cents. A Sewing Machine Premium is also given on certain terms. Address Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

AN OLD MAN WHO HAS SHOT SIXTY PERSONS.—The Cairo correspondent of the St. Louis Republic tells this story:

At one point on the Tennessee river there is a place that has become a terror to steamboat men, and in passing it they always find some place to secure themselves till the boat passes. At this point an old man sixty odd years of age, has made his headquarters for a long time and the peculiar "crack of his gun" is familiar to river men, and sends a thrill of terror wherever it is heard. He has a long heavy barreled gun, originally a squirrel rifle, which has been bored out three different times, until now the largest thumb can easily be turned in the muzzle, and the aim of the old man is one of decided certainty. The murderous sentinel is always faithfully upon his watch, and his retreat has so far baffled all attempts to catch him, from the fact that he is surrounded with dense swamps and deep ravines. Well-informed river men estimate that this old man has murdered in this way not less than sixty persons; and yet he performs his murderous work with as much earnestness and vigor as when he first commenced.

The New York Herald, in urging poor Bennett's last croquet for the election, namely, to have electors vote for some other candidates than those they were nominated and elected to vote for, concludes an editorial thus: "We adhere to these few conclusions that Mr. Lincoln has been tried and found wanting; that Gen. McClellan has been tried as a soldier, statesman, and politician, and has proved a failure."

For one of McClellan's strongest supporters, is a pretty damaging admission.

ANOTHER OUTRAGE.—"Another Democratic meeting broken up!" "Where at?"

"A large crowd of Democrats scattered by Union soldiers!" "Where, where?"

"Union officers participated in the disturbance!" "Good! Good! Where did it all happen?"

"In the Shenandoah Valley!" "Get out!"

The soldiers in the army have a double battle—we a single one. They handle ballots and bullets. They ask us only to use ballots as faithfully as they use either ballots or bullets. And we should consume with shame and perish from among men, if we allow our brothers in the field to be turned flank and rear by a rebel victory at the Northern polls.

It is worth while to bear in mind for the benefit of soldiers and others recently returned from the wars, this part of section 3 of article 7 of the Constitution of this State:

Munger Bros.,

Music Dealers,
Concert Hall Block,
Third Street, St. Paul, Minn.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR
STEINWAY & SONS,
GRAND PIANOS,
United Piano Fortes
Bradbury's,
Pischo's and
Groves & Co.'s
PIANOS.

Also Sole Agents for
Princo & Co.'s, and Mason & Hamlin's Celebrated Melodions, School Organs and Cabinet Organs.

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MISSING ISSUE OR PAGE

Issue Missing or Damaged

Place of Publication: Stillwater

Title: MESSENGER

Date: Nov. 15, 1864

☒ missing

☐ damaged

Date of 1st request: _____

Date of 2nd request: _____

☐ Publisher unable to furnish issue.

STILLWATER MESSENGER

A. B. EASTON, Editor.

STILLWATER:

Tuesday, - - November 22, 1864

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

BY THE GOVERNOR OF MINNESOTA.

In compliance with the statutes of Minnesota, the recommendation of the President of the United States, and the sentiments of the Christian people of the State of Minnesota, do appoint Thursday, the twenty-fourth day of November, inst., a day of Thanksgiving and prayer to Almighty God, and recommend that, suspending their usual avocations, and repairing to their customary places of worship, the people of Minnesota, do, on said day, humbly and earnestly acknowledge the innumerable blessings which have crowned this year.

He has preserved the existence of the nation, confounded the foreign and domestic adversaries of free institutions, and by many recent victories in the field, has placed the brand of his disapprobation upon the atrocious rebellion against the Government of the United States.

He has enabled our gallant soldiers, amid the leaden hail and deadly malarial incident to this terrible war, to place the name of Minnesota among the proudest records of the current history of the times.

He has strengthened the unalterable purpose of our soldiers and citizens to secure a lasting and honorable peace upon the basis of a perpetual Union of all the States, submission to the Constitutional authority of the Federal Government, the unconditional recognition of the signs of the nation, and "freedom through out all the land."

While several of our sister States have been devastated by hostile armies, or prostrated by a fallow of harvest, our borders have been mercifully protected against the incursions of the dreaded savage, and a remunerative return has blessed the labors of our husbandmen.

We should therefore not only repair to His courts with thanksgiving and praise, but with due contention and humility it becomes us to acknowledge our manifold personal and national transgressions, and to seek for pardon through the infinite merits of Him who "died the just for the unjust to bring us to God."

In testimony whereof I have heretofore set my hand and affixed the great seal of the State, at Saint Paul,

this seventh day of November, in the (SEAL) year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

By the Governor: STEPHEN MILLER.

D. BAKER, Secretary of State.

MINNESOTA SCHOOL FUND.

The sale of school lands for 1864 is just closed. From the following figures, which we take from the Press, a correct idea may be formed in regard to the educational prospects of our State. One hundred thousand acres of school land were placed in the market, of which over forty-one thousand were sold, for sum of \$236,612.

Of this amount \$91,576 were paid in cash, the balance remaining on interest. The total amount of school fund paid in and on interest is \$842,131. Aside from this magnificent fund, there remains over a million acres of school land yet unsold.

Official Vote of Washington County.

"We give this week an abstract of the vote of this county from the official canvass. The average Union majority was about 265. Seventy-one votes were cast in the towns of Denmark and Marine and in this city, for the second nomination candidates—Messrs. Wyckoff and Hallberg—which are not counted at all in arriving at the above majority, although they were all drawn from the Union vote.

The vote for Judge of Probate was tolerably close—Judge Murdoch, the Union candidate receiving 773 votes, and his opponent, Mr. George T. Bacon having three, only lacking 770 votes of a tie. Of the three votes he received all have been accounted for excepting two—that is, the two Mr. Bacon didn't cast himself.

Every man on the Union ticket is elected except one Commissioner in the 3d District, (this city) Mr. A. Eldridge, who was defeated by a majority of only 12 votes simply because a portion of the soldiers, whose votes belong in this city, did not get any tickets with the Commissioners name upon them.

In the 4th Commissioner district the candidates, Hutton and Sanderson, received each 50 votes. The law provides that, in case of a tie, the canvassers shall decide the question by lot, and on this occasion, the canvassers being all Republicans, three Democrats of this city were called in—Messrs. C. Carl, D. Bronson, Jr., and H. Kattenberg—so as to leave no room for a charge of unfairness. The lots were prepared and drawn in "the presence of these witnesses," and Mr. Hutton, the Union Candidate, was the fortunate individual.

Now that the entire American people by a majority of half a million have voted to abolish slavery, does it ease the pangs of dying Copperheadism to shout "abolition" against twenty millions of free white people? The word "abolition" has lost its stigma as the party game "Democrat" has lost its glory.

Union Majority.

We were in error last week, in giving to the Copperheads the State of Missouri then supposed to have gone for that ticket. Later returns show that the noble old State has rolled up a majority of over 10,000 for the Lincoln and Johnson ticket—leaving for the hero of Harrison's Landing three States—New Jersey, Delaware and Kentucky, with twenty-one electoral votes. "Father Abraham" will receive 213 votes in the Electoral College, and of the popular vote he receives the unprecedented majority of 420,000, which will be increased to nearly half a million by the vote of Louisiana and Tennessee.

Iowa gives 50,000 majority for Lincoln.

The Dubuque Times of the 17th says: "The immense gains in the southern counties, and the soldiers' votes will make Iowa's majority for the Union nearly or quite 50,000. We hear of several localities in which nobody seems to have heard of Little Mac. Fremont township, Hamilton county, gives twenty-two Union votes, and not one in opposition. Cerro Gordo county gives 228 Union votes, and eight for the Confederacy." Blackhawk county gives the magnificent majority of 1,030.

Michigan.

The majority for the Union ticket in Michigan on the home vote is nearly 12,000, which will be increased by the soldiers' vote to 20,000.

Lincoln's Majority in Minnesota.

According to the very latest returns from the various counties in this State, Lincoln's majority foots up 7,650.

Friends of McClellan declare that the New Jersey Legislature will now elect him to the Senate. We hope no objection will be made. He has failed as a soldier and as a Presidential candidate. Let him try a Senatorship. He may be fit for something yet. We all remember the answer of the boy who wanted to sell his dog, upon being asked if his animal was "good for con." "Well," was his honest reply, "I think he ought to be, he isn't good for any thing else!"

We shall not be accused of speaking for party effect, or with an inclination to "worship the rising sun," when we assured our belief that George B. McClellan, thwarted in his noble and patriotic military ambitions, and worsted in the political battle just closed, is yet the greatest man of his country—greatest, because in his character, intellectual strength and moral excellence are blended, as we scarcely see them blended once in a century.—Buffalo Courier.

Go on with your dying, and don't keep the hearse waiting, ye spalpeens!—Buffalo Express.

NEWS ITEMS.

The New York Herald publishes a partial list of Catholic Generals in the army containing the names of 15 Major Generals and 12 Brigadiers. Among the former are Rosecrans, Gilmore, Meade, Ord, Sheridan, Foster, Stone, Sickles and Pleasanton, and among the latter Meagher, Corcoran, and Ewing.

—Col. Love, of the 116th, New York, was under arrest when General Sheridan reached the field, seeing him at the rear, he inquired, "What are you here for, Colonel?" "I am under arrest, General!" "You are no longer under arrest—take command of your regiment," He did so, captured a rebel flag, and went to Washington on the following day with the trophy.

Secretary Stanton is very ill, of inflammation of the bowels, and Assistant Secretary Dana fills his place at the Department. Lord Lyons is out of danger. At one time it was thought he could not live.

The World is in bad spirits. It says: "The Journal of Commerce says that if a man puts a smile on his face, an actual physical smile, it will react on his spirits, and drive off the blues." Several Democrats tell us that they tried this recipe upon learning that Horatio Seymour was defeated in the canvass for Governor, but it was not of the slightest use."

The total losses of the rebel General Price in Missouri, from the commencement of his campaign at Pilot Knob down to the time when he took refuge in the eastern part of Kansas on the 28th ultimo, are estimated at over 3,700 killed and wounded, and about 3,000 prisoners. The entire Union loss was 1,600.

Brown's BRONCHIAL TROCHES.—This UNIVERSAL REMEDY for Coughs, Colds, and Bronchial Affections now stands the first in public favor and confidence; the result has been acquired by a test of thirteen years. Its merit and extensive use has caused the Troches to be counterfeited and we would caution purchasers to be on their guard against worthless imitations.

STATE ITEMS.

STILL ANOTHER WHITE MAN KILLED.—We learned from W. J. Vincent, Esq., of St. Croix Falls, that another white man, a Swede, has been killed, about eight miles north of Wood River, in Polk County. Mr. V. gained his information from Mr. Magnus Nelson, of Burnett County, who brought down the election returns from Sterling. When Mr. Nelson left, a party headed by Nimrod Dickerson, had gone in search of the body. We have no further particulars.—Polk Co. Press.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—On Tuesday night last the extensive manufacturing establishment of Messrs. Lovgreen and Peterson on Fifth street in this city, embracing a large blacksmith shop, wagon and plow factory and gunsmith shop, with all their stock in trade and material was burnt to the ground. Loss \$15,000—no insurance.—Goodhue County Republican.

The St. Peter Statesman says it has ascertained that four hundred immigrants from Europe and the Eastern States have settled in Nicollet county since last spring.

—A little boy of W. L. Wilson while at play turning the comers on Saturday last, seriously injured his spine. He did not feel the effect until Monday, when he began to lose the use of his limbs, and yesterday his sufferings terminated in death.—Mankato Union.

WESTERN STAGE.—The Minnesota Stage Company will commence running their line of stages from Winona to St. Paul by the river route to-morrow, carrying passengers and mails. The boats intend to haul off from this line of business at that time, running only to this point from La Crosse. The Stage Company have their line equipped with good teams and careful drivers as usual, and will endeavor to make the time from here to St. Paul in 24 hours. Passengers preferring to take the route via Rochester will have a night's rest at that place and then reach St. Paul a few hours behind the time via the river route. We presume the fare is the same by both routes.—Winona Republican, Nov. 16.

A new paper called the Gazette has just been started at Owatonna by A. B. Cornell.

MILITARY PRISON.—Workmen commenced yesterday the erection of a large military prison at Fort Snelling, on the north side of the Fort. It is to be of massive stone, 30 by 125 feet. It is to contain a number of cells, a kitchen, guard room, sinks, and all departments complete. Such a prison has long been needed at the guard house in the Fort has been overflowing for months.—St. Paul Pioneer, Nov. 16.

SHERMAN.

Reports and Speculations Concerning his Movements.

Washington, Nov. 15.

Nothing official has been heard from Sherman for some time and nothing is expected except through Southern sources. Richmond papers are anxiously secured for information of his movements. They know just how far Sherman has advanced. It is thought the Union army is at or very near Macon, which is evidently Sherman's first objective point. It is 104 miles from Atlanta, and its capture would be a great functional triumph.

New York, Nov. 15.

The Herald's Hilton Head correspondent under date of the 15th says: Just after the Union was about to sail for that place Tuesday last the report came down the river that Sherman was marching on Savannah and the inhabitants of the city were fleeing in dismay.

Kansas, Nov. 15.

A private in Sherman's army writing to a friend says each soldier has been supplied with two pairs of shoes and preparations were made for a sixty day campaign, but no man knew the destination.

Equal papers betray evident trepidation concerning Sherman.

New York, Nov. 16.

The Commercial Washington correspondent says Sherman has fooled the rebels by making them believe he is going to Mobile. There are indications that he has gone to Millen, at the junction of the railroad leading from Augusta to Macon towards Savannah.

Extract from the Supplementary Report on the Conduct of the War—Examination of Gen. McClellan Continued.

Q. Were you, in the fall of 1864, a candidate for the Presidency.

A. I do not remember.

Q. Did you, in the fall of 1864 encourage any persons to vote for you for President?

A. I may have done so.

Q. Do you know whether any person voted for you for that office?

A. I didn't see it.

Q. Did you, during the period referred to, call for larger forces?

A. I don't remember. I may have done so. It would have been in accordance with my habits.

Congratulatory Dispatch from Gen. Grant.

The Washington Star publishes the following dispatch from Gen. Grant: HON. E. M. STANTON, SECRETARY OF WAR:

CITY POINT, Nov. 10, 1864, 10:30 P. M.—Enough now seems to be known to say who is to hold the reins of Government for the next four years. Congratulations are due to me for the double victory. The election having passed off quietly—no bloodshed or riot throughout the land—is a victory more to the country than a battle won. Rebellion and Europe will so contrive.

U. S. GRANT, Lt. Gen.

Official Vote of Washington County.

ELECTION HELD NOV. 20, 1864.

CANDIDATES.

Congress.

Ignatius Donnelly.

John M. Gilman.

Presidential Electors.

Chas. H. Lindley.

John G. Bett.

J. W. Murdoch.

J. W. Murdoch.

W. J. Callen.

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Great Improvements in Sewing Machines.

EMPIRE SHUTTLE MACHINE!

Patented February 14, 1860.

Salesroom 536 Broadway.

This machine is constructed on entirely new principles of mechanism, possessing many rare and valuable improvements, having been examined by the most profound experts, and pronounced to be SIMPLICITY and PERFECTION COMBINED.

The following are the principal objections urged against Sewing Machines.—

1.—Excessive fatigue to the operator. 4.—Incapacity to sew every description of material.

2.—Inability to get out of order. 5.—Disagreeable noise while in operation.

3.—Expense, trouble, loss of time in repairing.

THE EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE IS EXEMPT FROM ALL THE ABOVE OBJECTIONS.

It has a straight needle perpendicular action, makes the LOCK or SHUTTLE STITCH, which will NEITHER RIP nor RAVEL, and is alike on both sides; performs perfect sewing on every description of material, from Leather to the finest Nanook Mullin, with Cotton, Linnen, or Silk thread, from the coarsest to the finest number.

Having neither CAM nor COG WHEEL, and the least possible friction, it runs as smooth as glass, and

Emphatically a Noiseless Machine!

It requires FIFTY PER CENT. less power to drive it than any other machine in market. A girl twelve years of age can work it steadily, without fatigue or injury to health.

We respectfully invite all those who may desire to supply themselves with a superior article, to call and examine this UNRIVALLED MACHINE.

But in a special manner we solicit the patronage of

MERCHANT TAILORS, DRESS MAKERS, CORSET MAKERS, GAITER FITTERS, SHOE BINDERS, COACH MAKERS, BOOT-SKIRT MANUFACTURERS, SHIRT and BOYS' MAKERS, VEST and PANTALON MAKERS.

RELIGIOUS and CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will be liberally dealt with.

PRICE OF MACHINES, COMPLETE: No. 1, Family Machine, with Hemmer, \$60 No. 2, Small Manufacturing, with extension table, \$85 No. 3, Large Manufacturing, with extension table, \$100

One half hour's instruction is sufficient to enable any person to work this Machine to his entire satisfaction.

Your attention is also called to the EMPIRE SHUTTLE, Patented June 22, 1860. It is well known that a Shuttle with a spring centre is preferable to any other great objection against its use, was on account of its spring getting out of order, to be put in the hands of a skillful mechanic to be repaired.

The Empire Shuttle is so simple that any operator can repair it without loss of time or expense.

Price—Small size for Family Machine, \$1 25; Large size for Manufacturing Machine, \$1 50

AGENTS WANTED for all Towns in the United States, where agents are not already established. Also, for Cuba, Mexico, Central and South America, to whom a liberal discount will be given.

TERMS invariably Cash on delivery.

T. J. McARTHUR & CO., 536 BROADWAY.

COUTANT'S CATALOGUE OF AGRICULTURAL BOOKS.

FORMERLY PUBLISHED BY C. M. SAXON.

Allen's Diseases of Domestic Animals, \$1 00

Allen's American Farm Book, \$1 25

Allen's Rural Architecture, \$1 50

Allen on the Cultivation of the Grape, \$1 25

Allen's Elements of Agriculture, \$1 50

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The Stillwater Messenger.

"Be just, and fear not--Let all the ends thou aim'st at, be thy Country's, thy God's, and Truth's."

VOLUME 9.

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1864.

NUMBER 12

The Stillwater Messenger.
PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY BY
A. B. EASTON.
OFFICE IN BERNHEIMER'S BLOCK.

TERMS:
TWO DOLLARS A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

12 lines, (100 words or less) constitute a square.	
One square, for one insertion.	\$1.00
One square, for two insertions.	.75
One square, for three insertions.	.50
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One square, for six insertions.	.18
One square, for seven insertions.	.12
One square, for eight insertions.	.08
One square, for nine insertions.	.05
One square, for ten insertions.	.03
One square, for eleven insertions.	.02
One square, for twelve insertions.	.01

Advertisements not marked on the copy for a specific number of insertions, will be continued until, either by written or verbal notice, they shall be ordered out, and payment exacted accordingly.

Twelve cents per square will be charged for each change or alteration ordered.

Displayed advertisements invariably charged extra.

Business Cards.

LIVERY, SALE & BOARDING STABLE.

Webster & Mantor,
SOUTH OF THE SAWYER HOUSE
SECOND STREET,
STILLWATER, MINN.

ADAM MARTY,
(SUCCESSOR TO WEBSTER BROS.)
House, Sign & Carriage Painter
GRAINING, GLAZING & GILDING.
DONE TO ORDER
SHIP AT THE OLD STAND.
Second street, south of Chestnut.
1864.

A. J. DODGE.
Commission, Storage and
FORWARDING MERCHANT.
DEALER IN
Salt, Hides and Grain,
STILLWATER, MINN.

Wm. M. McCluer,
A TORYNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT
LAW. Office in Bernheimer's Block,
Chestnut street, Stillwater, Minnesota.

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Physician and Surgeon,
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A TORYNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT
LAW. Office in Bernheimer's Block,
Chestnut street, Stillwater, Minnesota.

Musical Advertisements.

Munger Bros.,

Music Dealers,

Concert Hall Block,

Third Street, St. Paul, Minn.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

STEINWAY & SONS,

CHICKERING,

United Piano Fortes

KNABE & CO.'S

Bradbury's

Fischer's,

Vose's and

Grosvonts & Co.'s

PIANOS.

Also Sole Agents for

Prince & Co.'s, and Mason &

Hamlin's Celebrated Melodeons,

School Organs and Cabinet Organs.

We keep constantly on hand the only

COMPLETE STOCK

of Sheet Music, Musical Instru-

ments and Musical Merchandise

in the State.

We sell all the above at Manufacturers'

prices, and every article is fully

WARRANTED.

October, 1864.--1865

Julius Bauer & Co.

Julius Bauer & Co.

BARBERS,

20 South Street, St. Paul, Minn.

Chicago, Illinois.

Musical Instruments,

STRINGS, VIOLINS,

DRUMS, ACCORDIONS,

CLARINETS, GUITARS,

Brass Instruments,

AND OTHER MUSICAL MERCHANDISE.

Having connection with Manufacturing Houses

in Berlin, Leipzig, Bremen, Regensburg and Paris, we

prepare for sale, DEALERS, BANDS and INDIVID-

UALS, with every article in this line, at the LOWEST

MANUFACTURERS' prices, and without exception, the

WARRANTED.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR

PIANO FORTES,

PIANO FORTES,

OF THE FOLLOWING MANUFACTURERS,

WM. KNABE & CO., Baltimore,

BOARDMAN & GRAY, Albany,

A. H. GALE & CO., New York,

GALE & CO., New York,

HINE & SON, New York.

ALSO AGENTS FOR

Prince's Melodeons,

Prince's Melodeons.

Organs and Harmoniums,

Organs and Harmoniums.

DEALERS IN

Piano Stools, Stools, &c.

We have the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTED STOCK

of PIANOS in the CITY, which for Power and Sound

of Tone, Key and Appearance, and Beauty of

Work, are unequalled in the country. As the

reputations of our PIANOS, we would

refer to the testimonials of our customers, and

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Dyspepsia and Pits.

A SURE CURE FOR

These distressing complaints is now made

known in a Treatise on Foreign and Native

Herbal Remedies, published by Dr. O.

Parker, Boston. The prescription was furnished

him in a confidential manner, that he

can not conscientiously refuse to make it

known, as it has cured every body who has

used it, never having failed in a single case. It

is equally sure in cases of Dyspepsia, and

the ingredients may be found in any drug

store. Sent free to all on the receipt of five

cents in proper postage. This work of 48

pages, beautifully illustrated, also treats on

CONSUMPTION,

Bronchitis, Asthma, General Debility, and

gives the best known Herbal Remedies for their

positive and permanent cure. Address Dr. O.

Parker, Boston, No. 19 Grand Street, Jersey

City, New Jersey.

NEW WORLD CLOTHES WRINGER.

This is the best of all the Wringers; has

now a lot of friends. It is perfectly

Self-Adjusting.

Any person, after a week's trial of one of

these wringers, can return it not entirely

satisfied.

Persons are requested to try these

chimes, and if found as recommended, send

them. Sent for free, at least, and try it.

POLLOCK, DONALDSON & OGDEN,

Sole Agents for the sale of these Wringers.

St. Paul, Minn. 1864.

PUTNAM CLOTHES WRINGER.

The ONLY reliable self-adjusting wringer.

The frame being of iron, thoroughly adjusted,

it does not warp, and is perfectly self-adjusting.

Test it thoroughly. It will adjust itself to

any kind of clothes, and will wring them

perfectly. It is perfectly self-adjusting.

WARRANTED WITHOUT RESERVATION. Putnam

Wringers are sold in all the principal cities

of the United States, and in all the principal

cities of Europe. Putnam Wringers are sold

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and in all the principal cities of Europe.

Putnam Wringers are sold in all the principal

cities of the United States, and in all the

U S 7-30 Loan.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that sub-

scriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes,

payable three years from Aug. 15, 1864, with semi-

annual interest at the rate of seven and one-half

cents per annum--principal and interest both to be paid

in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible, at the option of the

holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds,

payable not less than five nor more than twenty years

from their date, as the Government may direct. They

will be issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1000

and \$5000, and at subscription must be paid fifty dollars

or some multiple of fifty dollars.

At the notes draw interest from August 15, persons

making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the

interest drawing date of date of note to date of deposit.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES OF THIS LOAN.

It is a NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK, offering a higher rate

of interest than any other, and the most secure.

Any savings bank which pays its depositors in U. S.

Notes, receives the same rate of interest, and the same

medium of the country, and it is a saving bank, in

any other respect, for its notes are receivable in government

securities, or in notes or bonds payable in government

paper.

Convertible into a Six Per cent. 7-30 Gold

Bond.

In addition to the very liberal interest, on the notes

for three years, this privilege of conversion is worth

about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate

for 7-30 Bonds is not less than six per cent. U. S.

Notes, and before the war the premium on six per cent. U. S.

Notes was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that

the actual profit on this loan, at the present market

rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

Its Exemption From State or Municipal

Taxation.

STILLWATER MESSENGER

A. B. EASTON, Editor.

STILLWATER:

Tuesday, - November 29, 1864

THE NEWS.

The wonderful movement of General Sherman continues of increasing interest. On the success of this bold and wide-reaching stroke, hangs the fate of the Confederacy, and the result of this important crisis in the war may end it speedily. Most of our news from him, since he cut loose from Atlanta, comes through rebel sources. It is easy to see, by the light of present developments, what Sherman meant and what he had in view, when he remarked, in speaking of Hood going North, "Let him go. If he will go to the Ohio river, I will give him railroads."

Sherman followed Hood north for a considerable distance, then suddenly turning back to Atlanta, he started on a new campaign. Hood, by his mad movement north, has uncovered all the important country between the Savannah and Alabama rivers, and from the mountains to the sea. The rebels have no organized force to oppose his progress in any direction he may see fit to move.

News from rebel sources seem to indicate that they are in daily expectation of a bold stroke by Grant. The rebels do not, for a moment, flatter themselves that Grant has the most distant idea of relaxing his hold on the throat of the Confederacy, and they are clearly aware that the campaign in that vicinity will not end without a desperate battle or series of battles for the possession of Richmond.

Later from Sherman.

Richmond papers of the 24th announce that Gen. Sherman has captured Millidgeville. The Examiner thinks that Savannah and Charleston are evidently the objective points of the expedition. The Dispatch of the 23d says, a body of Cavalry under Wheeler, attacked Sherman's Cavalry at Gordon, on Sunday, but with what result is not known.

Attempt to Burn the City of New York.

On the night of the 25th, a daring attempt was made to fire the city—five of the principal hotels and Barnum's Museum being set on fire; but were discovered and promptly extinguished. Two of the supposed incendiaries have been arrested. Thorough arrangements have been made to prevent a repetition of the attempt. Gen. Dix's order requiring Southerners to register their names, and which has heretofore proved almost a dead letter, will, in the future, be strictly enforced.

Vote of the Second Minnesota.

Our Commissioners failed to reach the Second Regiment, and not having an opportunity to vote, a correspondent of the St. Paul Press, sends to that paper the results of a vote taken in the regiment, including all but two companies. The voting shows that this gallant regiment would have gone for McClellan just about as the other Minnesota regiments did which had an opportunity of voting. In the eight companies, 271 votes were cast for Lincoln, and 43 for Little Mac. Two companies, C and K, voted solid for Lincoln—the former casting 99 votes and the latter 42. In companies B and E, Little Mac received 1 vote in each; in company A, 2 votes. His greatest strength was found in company D, which polled 18 for McClellan and only 8 for the government—the only company in the regiment in which the little mackerel had a majority.

The Prairie Farmer.

There are hundreds of farmers in this county whose homes are not blessed with the presence of an agricultural paper. There are many others who patronize only eastern periodicals of this class. We wish to call the attention of all such to the merits of the PRAIRIE FARMER, published at Chicago, by Emery & Co., at the low price of two dollars per year. It is a weekly Agricultural, Horticultural and Home Journal, published in and for the West, and full of valuable, practical and interesting matter. Its price is lower than any paper of its class in the country. We feel that we are doing the public a good by urging all our farmers to subscribe for this sterling periodical for the year 1865. Give it a trial, and our word for it, you will not be disappointed.

The Ohio soldiers' vote at the October election was 28,857 Union and 4,390 Democratic. The total Union majority in this State was 55,000. The soldiers' vote for President will be much larger, and Lincoln's total majority in the State will not be far from 75,000. Our Congressional delegation stands 17 to 2.

Official Canvass of the Second Representative District.

The following is an abstract of the votes cast in the several Counties comprising the Second Senatorial and Representative District, at the late election, according to the official canvass. No election was held in Kanabec county, and we have therefore omitted it entirely in the table.

Counties	Washington	Chicago	Pine	Total.
STATE SENATOR.				
John McKusick	700	369	17	1186
William Willis	502	83	1	589
McKusick's majority				547
Representatives.				
L. A. Huntong	261	565	17	1144
Laurel Wyckoff	14	188		202
J. A. Hallberg	67	229		296
Ansel Smith	253	191	17	461
L. J. Stark	763	126	17	886
John E. Mower	497	83	1	581
Ephraim C. Ingalls	491	83	1	575
James Middleton	604	74	1	679
Huntong's majority				567
Stark's majority				267
Smith's majority				883

Copperheads Repudiating their Bets.

Many Copperheads are very meekly repudiating their bets lost on the late election, some on one miserable pretext and some on another. The last case of repudiation was by a fellow who lost \$400 on McClellan to a Union man, and who recalls his money from the stakeholder on the ground of fraud in the election. He does not say whether the fraud was committed by Seymour, in the case of the New York soldiers' vote—or by the bushwhackers, who invaded the State from Missouri—or by Thompson's raiders, who made an anticipated bloody descent on Chicago. A Copperhead crying fraud on election, beats the case of the pot and kettle bandying epithets his fellow.

The Official Vote of Maryland.

The following are the official returns of the State—including the soldiers' vote—for Presidential Electors. The returns for Governor and Lieutenant Governor are made to the House of Delegates:

	Home vote.	Soldiers vote.	Total.
Lincoln	37,372	2,797	40,169
Mcclellan	32,418	821	32,739
Lincoln's majority			7,430

THE LADY'S FRIEND.—The December number of this magazine is a truly splendid one, being the handsomest yet issued. The opening plate, "The Snow-Bird's Christmas Visit," is a perfect gem; and the Frontispiece of the volume, suggested by a story of Hans Christian Anderson's, is one of those engravings upon which the eye will linger for a long time, and turn to again and again. Two more beautiful engravings than these are seldom seen in a magazine. The double Fashion Plate for this month is finely engraved and richly colored—no magazine contains superior steel fashion plates to the Lady's Friend; while the other engravings are as usual numerous, and doubtless highly interesting to the ladies.

The literary contents are:—The Christmas Gift, by Mrs. Hosmer; Two Falls among the Mountains, by Mrs. Pyle; The Sailor's Bride, by Mrs. Barnes; From the Same Stock, an amusing sketch relative to visiting your distant relations, by Frances Lee; Cousin Catherine's Will, by Julia Gill; My Aunt Goldbeater, by Mrs. Dennison; Who Did the Wrong, by Miss Virginia P. Townsend, &c., &c.

Price \$2.50; 2 copies \$4.00; 9 copies \$16.00; 21 copies \$35.00. Specimen numbers will be sent to those desirous of making up clubs for 15 cents. Wheeler & Wilson's celebrated Sewing Machines are furnished as Premiums on certain terms. Address Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut street Philadelphia. Now is the time to subscribe for 1865.

We can furnish the Lady's Friend to our subscribers at \$2.00.

EXECUTION POSTPONED.—In response to a request of Gov. Miller and Hon. H. M. Rice, to President Lincoln, for a postponement of the execution of the condemned soldiers at Fort Snelling, the following dispatch was received from the President on Friday last:

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24th.—8:20 A.M. To His Excellency Gov. S. Miller, and Hon. H. M. Rice: Have suspended the execution of the deserters named in your dispatch until further orders from here.

A. LINCOLN.

Much sympathy has been aroused in St. Paul in behalf of these unfortunate men, and it is not improbable that a strong effort will be made to secure a mitigation of their sentence. We sincerely hope it may prove successful.

The mortality among copperhead newspapers just now is dreadful. Within the last week, the following, among others too obscure to mention, have kicked the bucket: Springfield Register, Bloomington Democrat, Central Illinois Democrat, Madison Patriot, Evansville Times. A great many other copperhead journals are in the last throes of dissolution, and will die before long. The mourners at the funerals will be few.

NEWS ITEMS.

There lives in the township of Warwick, county of Lambton, Canada West, a smart old Dutch woman who at her marriage was presented by her fortunate husband with a paper of pins. All of these very pins, with the exception of one or two missing, she still possesses, after having them in actual service for upwards of thirty years.

Mr. Lincoln is the first citizen re-elected to the Presidency from a Northern State. The preceding two term Presidents have been Washington, Jefferson and Madison—all from Virginia—and Jackson from Tennessee.

Nine hundred rebel prisoners arrived at Nashville on Saturday morning from Atlanta. Thinking that the place was evacuated, they rushed in to pillage and plunder, and were captured.

President Lincoln is one of his serene speeches that there were more men in the country now than when the war broke out. This seems to be proved by the election returns. The three States of Maine, New Hampshire and Massachusetts polled 358,000 votes at the late election, against 353,000 in 1860—an increase of 5,000.

MARMADUK'S CAPTAIN A BOT.—The rebel General Marmaduke was captured by a little boy belonging to one of the Kansas regiments. He at first refused to surrender to an "inferior officer," but was immediately persuaded to do so. The lad brought him to Gen. Curtis headquarters, where he introduced himself, much to the surprise of all, but especially of the boy hero. Gen. Curtis asked the boy how long he had to serve. He said "eight months," whereupon the General wrote him a furlough for that time, and presented him with the horse, revolver, belt and sabre of the rebel General.

Had all the States participated in the recent Presidential election, and succeeded all the rebel States to McClellan, the result could have been different. The States that voted for Mr. Lincoln in the recent election, cast 213 votes in the electoral college. The States which went for McClellan cast 21 votes. If all the rebel States had voted for McClellan he would have received 94 electoral votes, leaving Mr. Lincoln still a majority of 119.

The rebel committee appointed to investigate the matter, report the following as destroyed by Sheridan: 30 dwelling houses, 450 barns, 31 mills, 2 factories and 1 furnace. He burned 100 miles of fencing, 100,000 bushels wheat, 50,000 bushels corn, 6,000 tons hay, and destroyed 1,700 cattle, the same number of horses, and 4,000 good hogs were carried off.

At Painesville, O., there is a man—Valentine Perkins, 52 years old, whose bones have all become limestone. Ossification has been going on since he was 11 years old, when his knee was badly injured, and the joint became ossified. For thirty years he has been blind and unable to open his jaws, and for forty years he has lain on his side on a bed. Food is placed in his mouth, and nature gets it into his stomach. His appetite is good, and so are his memory and general intelligence.

Mr. James S. Thayer, a spokesman for McClellan, who expressed the wish that "the churches had been closed for twenty years," said in Lockport, Pa., that "McClellan, he thought, could be triumphantly elected if only the Presbyterian churches could be closed for forty days." A Mr. Yaxx declared a few nights since, in Philadelphia, that the pulpit was the enemy of Democracy, and that "the only place to hear the Gospel preached now-a-days was at a Democratic meeting."

The Louisville Journal thus indicates its future course: "We have now to co-operate with the President, as we have done in the past, to crush out the rebellion, and to bruise the head of the serpent which has struck its fangs at the peace and security of our Union, and we must do this in the most effective manner, without putting on any drags to impede the war chariot of the nation in its proud sweep toward victory."

The plates of the new fifty cent fractional currency are nearly ready for printing. These notes will be of the same breadth as those now in circulation, but nearly twice as long. The new five cent notes will be of the same size as the old ones, while the ten and twenty-five cent notes will be of length graduated between the highest and lowest denominations. It is probable that a three cent note will be issued for the greater facility of making change.

It is rumored in intelligent quarters that General Fremont's commission as Major General will be restored to him, and he will be ordered to the command of the army of the James, in place of Gen. Butler, whom the latter is made Secretary of War. It is possible that Gen. E. May be sent to Paris.

Jean Paul thus addresses young girls: "The young men fall on their knees before you, but it is as infantry before cavalry—that they may conquer and kill; or as the hunter, who only on bended knees takes aim at his victim."

Voters for Washington Voting for Abraham Lincoln.

A letter in the Springfield Republican from Sturbridge, Mass., gives an account of the appearance at the polls in that place of Deacon John Phillips, who was on that day 104 years, 4 months and 9 days old, and who voted for George Washington for President.

He was brought in a carriage, and then conveyed into the hall in a chair, supported by a platoon of our returned soldiers, and received by the citizens of the town rising from their seats with uncovered heads, amid the tears and heartfelt emotions of all present. After resting for a moment, the venerable patriot expressed a desire to shake hands with all the returned soldiers. Some thirteen soldiers then formed in a line, when each one was introduced to the patriarch, and took him by the hand with the announcement of the time each had served in the army.

The old gentleman was then presented with two sets of votes, one for Abraham Lincoln, and one for Geo. B. McClellan, and requested before all present to take his choice, when he reached out his hand and, in an audible and deep-toned bass voice, said, "I shall take the one for Abraham Lincoln."

Augustus Griffin, of Orient, Suffolk County, L. I., now in his 98th year, voted for every Democratic candidate for the Presidency except Buchanan. He then voted for Fremont. On Tuesday last he cast his ballot for "Uncle Abe."

A most impressive scene was witnessed at the polls of the Third Ward, in this city, on Tuesday last. An elderly man, over whose head almost a century had passed, and who had voted for Geo. Washington, when he was chosen President of the United States, turned his trembling steps from the grave, upon the brink of which he was almost tottering, and came, supported by his son and grandson, to give his last vote for Abraham Lincoln. He had twice voted for George Washington, and he had lived to vote for the re-election of the man who will be gratefully remembered by coming generations, not only of this country, but of the world, as the second Washington.

The name of this venerable patriarch and patriot is George Wilder. He is the father of Aretus A. Wilder, the well known machinist of this city. His son and grandson also cast votes for Lincoln.

AN OLD VOTER.—Among the gratifying incidents of the election on Tuesday is the fact that most of our oldest citizens voted for Mr. Lincoln. The venerable Isaac C. Jones, for a long period one of our most distinguished merchants who voted for Geo. Washington, on Tuesday cast a ballot for Mr. Lincoln, having reached the extraordinary age of 95 years. This vote is one of which our worthy President may well feel proud.—Philadelphia North American.

BURROWS.—An attempt to undermine the outside wall at the Fort Snelling Guard House, was discovered a day or two since. The bunks upon which the prisoners sleep are next to the wall, and by working underneath them they had managed to conceal their operations until they had burrowed a considerable distance under the wall, and in a short time more would have had a hole of sufficient size to pass out a man. Hoffman and Eastwood, two of the condemned men, are confined in a room adjoining the Guard House, but as they are chained and closely guarded, they could not have participated in the attempt.—Press

FORTUNATE COMINATION.—We are opposed to proprietary medicines, and it is with some compunctions that we see advertisements of them in our columns. Still we must confess that Brown's Troches are convenient and useful, in certain conditions of the throat and larynx, before speaking.—N. Y. Christian Advocate.

The town of Sparta, in Randolph Co., Ill., at the recent election gave 508 votes for Lincoln, to 41 for McClellan, being a majority for Lincoln of 557 votes.—Sparta is settled by an industrious and moral people, chiefly of Scotch extraction, known as "Seceders," who have ever been found arrayed on the side of political and religious liberty.

ORANGE, New Jersey, the home of McClellan, voted against him.

STRAYED-FIVE COLTS, one year old, viz: One Sorrel Mare Colt, with white face; one Brown Mare Colt; One Brown Horse Colt, with mane shorn off; One Sorrel mare colt, with a few white hairs on the forehead; one brown horse colt, with a white spot on the forehead and some white on the hind feet.

A reward of \$50 will be paid for the recovery of the above-described colts.

MICHAEL MILLER, Cottage Grove, Washington County. FRED. HOLTMAYER, Wordbury, Washington county, Min. Nov. 18, 1864.—n11

TAKEN UP.

By the subscriber about the 18th of October living in Oakdale, one Brown bull, about four years old, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges.

New Advertisements.

STOVES AND Tin-Ware!

The subscriber would beg to be understood as conveying the idea, in the most delicate manner possible, "to all whom it may concern" and the "rest of mankind," that he keeps a Store on the corner of Chestnut and Second street, in this "young but thriving city." He would also beg leave to remark, in conclusion, that he keeps something else besides a store; for instance—

TIN THINGS, and things made of COPPER and "SOUNDING BRASS."

He has also on hand, at this particular juncture, ever so many

STOVES, admirably adapted for COOKING. And some others much better adapted for warming or HEATING purposes; such as heating a parlor, or a dining room, or a bed room, etc. Specially—These things are for sale, every one of them; and worse than that, they will be offered for a few weeks at such remarkably

LOW PRICES as will startle the beholder, and strike the listener dumb with astonishment. All in want of any thing in this line, are hereby requested, instructed and advised, to GIVE ME A CALL!

WM. M. CAPRON. Stillwater, Nov. 1864.—12 if

Selling off To Close BUSINESS THE GOODS

MUST be Sold! GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES. If you want DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, CROCKERY, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS,

or any thing else that we have in store, call and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

LEVY & DANIEL.

TAKEN UP.

By the subscriber, living on Mr. Denton's farm, near Carnation Lake, about the 1st of September last, one CALF, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges.

JOHN MAGNESON. Nov. 29, 1864.—n12.5f

TAKEN UP.

By the subscriber, living in Dayton, one yearling steer, and one calf, which the owners can have by proving property and paying charges.

MARCUS CLANCY. Dayton Nov. 15, 1864.—10 3

Dr. Harbaugh, DENTIST.

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Stillwater and surrounding country, that he has permanently located and opened an office in Stillwater, and is prepared to perform all operative and mechanical operations in a superior manner.

Rooms in the house formerly occupied by Isaac Shapiro, Esq. Stillwater, Nov. 1864.—n11.4f

New Jewelry Store.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the people of Stillwater and vicinity that he has removed his Jewelry Store from Hudson to the city of Stillwater, where he intends to locate permanently.

He is prepared to clean and repair Clocks and Watches, repair Jewelry, &c., in better and more durable manner than the same can be done this side of the St. Croix, or the East. Give me a call.

Shop on Main street, nearly opposite Westing & Torrens' store.

All Work Warranted!

A large assortment of Clocks always on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.

B. HILGORTH. Stillwater, Oct. 4, 1864.—n14f.

HAVANA CIGARS, a large assortment, at the very lowest prices, to close.

CARL ACO.

JOS. E. SCHLENK'S

Clothing Establishment,

BRUNNENBERG'S BLOCK, MAIN ST., STILLWATER.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

HATS & CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

BLANKETS,

DUCK MITTS,

GLOVES & MOCCASINS.

The undersigned begs leave to invite the attention of the public of Stillwater and St. Croix Valley to examine, at his store, the

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

which has been bought as low as any man can buy them, and will be sold at

LESS THAN CHICAGO RETAIL PRICES.

My large stock of Ready Made Clothing is mostly manufactured by myself in the very best style—being as well made as any custom work—and will be sold at less than Chicago prices.

The Merchant Tailor Department, under the supervision of

R. J. BALL,

will speak for itself.

We shall endeavor to make up the finest of custom work, at

LIVING PRICES.

PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE GOODS AND PRICES.

J. E. SCHLENK.

October 12, 1863.—n5

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Washington, ss.—In Probate Court.—In the matter of the proof of the last will and testament of Fredericka Johanson, late of said county deceased.

An instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of Fredericka Johanson, late of said county deceased, having been filed in this office for probate:

It is ordered that the proof of said instrument be taken before me at my office, in the city of Stillwater, in said county, on the 14th day of December, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and contest the probate of said will.

And it is further ordered, that notice of said application and hearing be given to all persons interested in said estate, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Stillwater Messenger, a weekly newspaper published in the said county of Washington.

HOLLIS R. MURDOCK, Judge of Probate.

Dated, Stillwater, Nov. 15, 1864.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Washington, ss.—In Probate Court.—In the matter of the estate of Francis Clegg, late of said county deceased.

Upon reading and filing the petition of Eliza Clegg, widow of Francis Clegg, late of said county deceased, praying for reasons upon the estate of the said Francis Clegg deceased, may issue to herself.

It is ordered that said application be heard and determined before me at my office in the city of Stillwater, in said county, on the 10th day of December next, at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day.

And it is further ordered, that notice of said application and hearing be given to all persons interested in said estate, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Stillwater Messenger, a weekly newspaper published in said county of Washington.

HOLLIS R. MURDOCK, Judge of Probate.

Stillwater, Nov. 15, 1864.

CHEIFFER'S SALE.—By virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, rendered in said court on the 25th day of August last in an action wherein Mary E. Shawney is plaintiff, and John Copeland, Mary Greenman, Jennie Corry, Samuel T. Walter, and Sarah Webster are defendants in favor of said plaintiff, and against said defendants, for the sum of \$25.00, and the further sum of \$125.00 interest thereon, a transcript of which said judgment was docketed in this Washington county on the 10th day of October last, and is now on file in the office of said clerk, I have caused to be published in the city of Stillwater, in said county of Washington, on Wednesday the 10th day of Nov. 1864, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day to wit: said execution, interest, and costs of sale.

GEORGE DAVIS, Sheriff of Wash. Co.

Dated Stillwater October 25, 1864.

Commissioners' Notice.

The undersigned, having been duly appointed by the Probate Court of Washington county, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjudge all claims against the estate of D. C. Buswell deceased, are required to present them to said Commissioners within six months from the 20th day of October, 1864, or be forever barred. The Commissioners will meet at the house of H. L. Thomas, in Affton, on Thursday November 24, 1864, and also Thursday, March 24, 1865, at one o'clock in the afternoon.

H. L. THOMAS, } Commissioners.
W. H. GREENFIELD, }
G. W. CUTLER, }

Dated October 12, 1864.—n6 5

NOTICE.

All persons are cautioned against negotiating or receiving the following notes, to wit: Note of Hershey, Staples & Hall for \$722 75, dated Nov. 19, 1863, and payable to the order of A. O. Grover on the 4th day of June, 1864; and one due bill of \$217 30 drawn by Ichabod Soudard in favor of A. O. Grover, payable out of proceeds of logs marked "I star girdle I," the same having been in possession of said Grover at the time of his murder by the Indians, and not having been recovered.

WILLIAM GRAVES, Administrator Estate of A. O. Grover, decd. Dated Stillwater, Nov. 18, 1864.—n11 2t

TAKEN UP.

By the subscriber, in the town of Lakeland, one roan steer, supposed to be four years old with a white face, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges.

Nov. 22.—11 3t. ANTON SCHNEIDER.

TAKEN UP.

About the 1st of Oct. last, by Patrick Shar, living in Dayton, one milch cow, red and white, 6 years old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.

PATRICK SHAR. Dayton, Nov. 15, 1864.—n10 St.

Saint Paul Advertisements.

MRS. J. REDMOND

Has just received a complete stock of FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY GOODS,

Local and Miscellaneous News.

Notice to our Subscribers.

On and after the first day of January, 1865, payment in advance will be exacted on subscriptions to the Messenger. We have hesitated to take this step, but the present enormous expenses attending the publication of a paper, leave us no other alternative. While the cost of living and the expenses of publishing have doubled and trebled, no advance has been made in the price of country papers; but most of them are driven, like ourselves, by a "military necessity," to require payment in advance. We could have better afforded to publish a paper at seventy-five cents before the war, than now at two dollars. We are not, however, complaining at high prices, but simply to show to our subscribers that we are compelled, in justice to ourself, to take this step. We expect to lose a few subscribers by the adoption of this plan, which of course, we shall regret; but nevertheless, we shall adhere strictly to our determination. The names of all delinquent subscribers will be stricken from our books on the first day of January next.

Messrs. Levy & Daniels re-assess their determination to close out their stock of goods at prices much below what our citizens have been in the habit of paying. Try them.

NOT CONTINUED.—The Polk County Press says the reported murder by the Indians on Wood River, is not confirmed.

SANITARY FAIR.—Extensive preparations are being made in St. Paul for holding a Sanitary Fair. Monday, January 9th, 1865, is fixed upon as the opening day.

UNRECORDED LANDS.—At Mr. LEHMAN'S particular request, we publish in this issue of the Messenger, a long list of names of prominent persons in the county. It will be seen that, in most cases, small sums are set opposite the names; which amounts can be settled with the County Treasurer before the 9th day of January next, by very reasonable terms. After that time, if not paid, a penalty of 50 per cent. will be added.

THANKSGIVING DAY.—The weather was very mild on this day, destroying entirely what little sleighing there was before, and softening the ice on the St. Croix, so that the skating was also nearly "played out."

Services were held at the Episcopal and Myrtle street churches. The discourse of Rev. Mr. HOWELL at the Myrtle street church, we hear spoken of as a very superior production, and according to request we shall publish it in our next issue.

A great number of turkeys, chickens, and "sich like," were sacrificed and demolished during the day, with, no doubt, the most devout feelings of thanksgiving.

The enjoyments and festivities of the day closed with a pleasant dance at the Sawyer House.

The Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Ninth and Tenth Minnesota Regiments are at present in St. Louis.

REMARKABLE WEATHER.—For nearly a week the weather has been unusually mild. The snow has nearly all disappeared under the combined influence of sun and showers. Yesterday the sun shone pleasantly during the day, the air was mild and balmy, reminding one more of the genial days of spring than of bleak and stormy November.

PERSONAL.—We were pleased to meet yesterday Lieut. Wm. McKENICK of company C, Eighth regiment. The Lieutenant looks somewhat enfeebled by the hardships of the late campaign, and from the effects of late sickness.—He was one of the relief party that went out to rescue Capt. Fisk's Idaho train, and on his return, was taken sick at Fort Wadsworth, and was compelled to remain there about a month. He leaves for the South in a few days, to join his regiment at Murfreesboro.

DEATH OF A STRANGER.—A man, totally unknown to any of our citizens, came to the Minnesota House on Saturday last, and at first, he was supposed, from his movements, to be intoxicated. It was soon apparent, however, that he was seriously ill, and he was assisted to a room, and proper care taken of him, but he grew rapidly worse, and died the next day. He was not able, after his arrival, to speak a word, and nothing at all is known of his name or history, excepting that he is a Frenchman, 35 or 40 years of age, and had been, for a few days, in the employ of one of our lumbering firms, at work in the woods. His appearance indicated extreme poverty, but after his death, an examination disclosed the fact that he had nearly five hundred dollars in his pocket-book, and sewed in his under-clothes.

His funeral takes place to-day.

PORK.—Dressed hogs are selling in our market at from 11 to 13 cents per pound.

We call the attention of those interested to the advertisement of Wm. M. CAPRON. All who are in want of "Tin things," or Stoves, — either Parlor or Cooking,—or any thing of that description, will consult their interest by giving Mr. CAPRON a call.

In the Press of Thursday—Thanks-giving day, our friend, Mr. HALL, who "does" the local, in an article on the origin, early history, tendencies and influences of the day, gives numberless potent reasons for giving thanks, a few of which we copy. We trust the writer had not been quite recently testing the "wonderful discovery, price fifteen cents."

Give thanks for this great and free glorious country, where every man can get drunk and whip his wife with taught to molest or make him afraid. Give thanks for the great American genius who invented rocking horses whereupon unruly children can break their necks and die when they go some where. Give thanks for the wonderful discovery of a new mixed drink, price fifteen cents, composed of pure whiskey and water. Give thanks because American calves grow in this country and flap their wings regardless of expense or fathers. Give thanks because Abraham commenced a new term next March, and new Postmasters will be appointed where the old ones are not retained. Be thankful that you have not fallen how low as to go to Congress, or be stakeholder with Jed Davis and the devil play a game of "bluff."

Give thanks when, it's wet, give thanks when it's dry. Give thanks for a clear and cloudy sky; And this be your motto, forever and aye "I'll go in on my muscle, and root hog or die."

—Make way for the little girls. Here comes the little girl educated. Red riding-hood, jockey cap and feathers, and laughing out of her eyes. Been to school too, and only three years old.—Could she spell? Guess she could spell. Spell cow then. "Cow," that is easy enough, "F g h i, cow." Very well done. Now spell dog. "F g h i, dog."

Better yet. Now spell baker. "F g h i, baker." That will do for this time, my little girl. Go up to the head: Here is the little girl benevolent. She caught a fly and held it gently between her thumb and forefinger. "Do you want to see your Dad, little fly? Well, see him, then," and down came her chubby fist upon him, sending him to kingdom come by express train.

REV. MR. HILLS' SCHOOL.—The first quarter of the second year closed on Friday, Nov. 18th.

The names of the following pupils are on the Roll of Honor: HORACE HILLS JR., NEWTON MCKENICK, EDWARD H. HILLS, MISS CATHERINE L. BUTLER, " PHINEA GREY, " AMERICA STAPLES, " ANNA CARL.

The following pupils rank No. 1 in Deportment: CHARLES STAPLES, ELMOR LOWELL, JUDSON GREELY, FREDERICK BEAN, MISS OLIVIA STAPLES, " KATHIE GREELY, " MARY ELA BEAN.

REV. HORACE HILLS, 2nd PRINCIPAL.

Only a Baby's Grave.

Only a baby's grave! Some foot or two, at the most, Of unsandaled soul, yet I think that God Knows what that little grave cost.

Only a baby's grave! To children even so small, Strangers sit there and sing so small a thing, Seems scarcely a grave at all.

Only a baby's grave! Strange! how we moan and fret For a little face, that was here for a space; Oh, more strange could we forget.

Only a baby's grave! Few tears we shed, on our baby dead; I know how they fell on this.

Only a baby's grave! With the little face so much Too small a gem for his diadem, Where a kingdom is made of such?

Only a baby's grave! Yet often we come and sit By the little stone, and thank God to own We are nearer to Heaven for it!

—Good Words.

REPORT OF THE attendance at the public schools of the city of Stillwater for the month ending October 14, 1864.

Whole No.	average	attendance	Percent.
Grammar school by Wm. L. Davis	4	29	42
First Intermediate by Miss R. M. Waters	30	14	25
Second Intermediate by Miss R. M. Waters	30	14	30
Primary School by Miss L. Davis	30	32	47
Primary School by Miss L. Davis	30	32	47
Whole number 112; average attendance 233, or 81 per cent.			

Whole No. average attendance Percent.

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Grammar school by Wm. L. Davis	4	30	42
First Intermediate by Miss R. M. Waters	30	14	25
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Primary School by Miss L. Davis	30	32	47
Primary School by Miss L. Davis	30	32	47
Whole number 112; average attendance 233, or 81 per cent.			

LIST OF LANDS in Washington County, State of Minnesota, forfeited to the State for the non-payment of taxes due thereon, and remaining unpaid and unrecorded on the 15th day of November, 1864.

Notice is hereby given to all concerned that if the tax, interest and penalty charged against each tract of land or town lot in the following list contained, be not paid into the County Treasury and the Treasurer's receipt therefor produced before the second Monday of January, 1865, that then, and in that case, each tract and lot so as above delinquent, and on which the taxes, costs, interest and penalty may remain unpaid, will, on the second Monday of January, 1865, be exposed for sale at the Court house in the city of Stillwater, in said county, in order to satisfy such taxes, costs, interest and penalty.

LANDS FORFEITED FOR THE TAXES OF 1859 AND PRIOR YEARS.

Town 27 Range 20.

Conley M. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 20, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 21.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 21, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 22.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 22, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 23.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 23, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 24.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 24, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 25.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 25, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 26.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 26, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 27.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 27, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 28.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 28, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 29.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 29, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 30.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 30, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 31.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 31, S. 2, 1/2.

LANDS FORFEITED FOR THE TAXES OF 1860 AND PRIOR YEARS.

Town 27 Range 20.

Conley M. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 20, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 21.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 21, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 22.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 22, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 23.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 23, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 24.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 24, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 25.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 25, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 26.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 26, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 27.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 27, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 28.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 28, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 29.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 29, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 30.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 30, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 31.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 31, S. 2, 1/2.

LANDS FORFEITED FOR THE TAXES OF 1861 AND PRIOR YEARS.

Town 27 Range 20.

Conley M. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 20, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 21.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 21, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 22.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 22, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 23.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 23, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 24.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 24, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 25.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 25, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 26.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 26, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 27.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 27, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 28.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 28, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 29.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 29, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 30.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 30, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 31.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 31, S. 2, 1/2.

LANDS FORFEITED FOR THE TAXES OF 1862 AND PRIOR YEARS.

Town 27 Range 20.

Conley M. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 20, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 21.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 21, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 22.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 22, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 23.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 23, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 24.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 24, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 25.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 25, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 26.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 26, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 27.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 27, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 28.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 28, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 29.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 29, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 30.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 30, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 31.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 31, S. 2, 1/2.

LANDS FORFEITED FOR THE TAXES OF 1863 AND PRIOR YEARS.

Town 27 Range 20.

Conley M. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 20, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 21.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 21, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 22.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 22, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 23.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 23, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 24.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 24, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 25.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 25, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 26.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 26, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 27.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 27, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 28.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 28, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 29.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 29, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 30.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 30, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 31.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 31, S. 2, 1/2.

LANDS FORFEITED FOR THE TAXES OF 1864 AND PRIOR YEARS.

Town 27 Range 20.

Conley M. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 20, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 21.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 21, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 22.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 22, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 23.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 23, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 24.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 24, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 25.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 25, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 26.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 26, S. 2, 1/2.

Town 27 Range 27.

Braden C. w. n. w. 1/4 sec. 2, T. 27, R. 27, S. 2, 1/2.

